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ABSTRACT To ascertain the degree of utilization of bilingual programs and the concerns and questions teachers may have about their implementation, the Division of Bilingual and International Education of the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory conducted a study which had four objectives relating to implementation of bilingual education programs in Texas: (1) to develop a procedure for identifying types of programs being implemented in the field; (2) to determine teacher concerns about implementation of selected programs; (3) to determine levels of use of such programs; and (4) to draw conclusions to aid in staff development for such programs. The study involved use of the Concerns-Based Adoption Model (CBAM), designed to conceptualize and facilitate educational change, and had a primary goal of determining the potential applicability of CBAM to bilingual education programs, to develop a process that school districts could utilize to improve the effectiveness and productivity of their bilingual programs. Results indicated that with some modifications the CBAM system of instruments and procedures could provide schools or districts with diagnostic information to build prescriptive intervention strategies which can aid in adoption and implementation of bilingual education programs. Attachments include questionnaires and other instruments, computer coding instructions, and data from the study. (JD)

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FINAL REPORT

of
STAFF DEVELOPMENT IN BILINGUAL SCHOOLING
(Grant No.: OB-NIE-G-78-0208)

NIE Project Officer: Michael O'Malley

by
Domingo Dominguez, Director
William E. Tunmer, Research Associate



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INTRODUCTION

The development of effective school personnel in bilinqual education has been a major concern of educators at the local, state, and national levels, and lack of trained staff has been cited as an important factor influencing the implementation of bilingual education programs (Rand Corporation Study, 1977). An examination of the literature on current practices in staff development for bilingual education reveals that while the need for more and better-trained staff is clearly indicated, an approach for identifying and providing for the specific needs of individual staff members and/or groups of project personnel has not been forthcoming, nor has a process been developed that would generate the information needed to determine the quality of the program and the extent of use bilingual education has reached in particular school districts. Thus, although bilingual education programs have been in operation for a decade, little is known about the degree of utilization by teachers or the concerns or questions teachers may have with regard to implementation. To fill the void, the Division of Bilingual and International Education of the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory, under contract with the National Institute of Education, conducted a study with the following objectives relating to the implementation of bilingual education programs in the state of Texas:

- Develop a procedure for identifying types (configurations)
 of bilingual education programs being implemented in the field;
- (2) Determine teacher concerns about the implementation of selected programs;
- (3) Determine the levels of use of such programs; and
- (4) Draw conclusions based on the findings of levels of use and implementation concerns which will aid in staff development for bilingual education programs.

Concern for a more effective staff development program for bilingual education in the state of Texas was brought into focus in the spring of 1977 when the Texas Education Agency contracted with SEDL to investigate current practices in staff development for bilingual education and to make recommendations for a plan of action that would result in a more effective staff development program for existing bilingual education programs in Texas. At the time it began work on the Survey of Bilingual Education Staff Development in Texas (SEDL, 1977), the staff of the Division of Bilingual and International Education of SEDL embarked on an intensive program of study of current trends in staff development across the nation, paying particular attention to the implication of these trends for the training of teachers to work in a bilingual setting. A thorough review of the literature was undertaken in four related areas: staff development, change and innovation, models of bilingual education, and implementation and effects of bilingual education. Several conclusions were drawn from the literature review, an important one being that a concise and integrated definition of the models of bilingual education, both theoretical and extant, is needed in order to determine the parameters of the educational innovation in the process of implementation in the public schools under the rubric of bilingual education. Secondly, a review of the literature pertaining to the implementation and effects of bilingual education reveals that the bulk of the studies are investigations of the impact of bilingual education on children and summative evaluations of projects that have largely ignored the "degree of implementation" variable. It is clear that the effects, and potential effects, of bilingual education cannot be evaluated adequately until some reliable process is found to determine the level of use that bilingual education has reached in the innovation-adoption process within the classroom, the

school, and the district.

After completing a thorough analysis of the context of staff development, the staff decided to look at bilingual education as an innovation in the process of change and to view Staff development as an integral component of that innovation. Having been instituted voluntarily on a rather large scale a decade ago, and more recently legally mandated by several states, a number of discrepancies between the current state of implementation of bilingual education and its optimal use still exist. It is apparent that "change" or innovation adoption is not accomplished merely because a decision maker has decreed it. The literature on change and innovation suggests that educational change should be viewed as a developmental process in which the user or group of users progress through stages from nonuse to high levels of use. As all, or most, of the individuals demonstrate a high level of use, the innovation may reach Optimal institutionalization.

Recent work by Gene Hall and his associates at The University of Texas Research and Development Center for Teacher Education has resulted in the development of the Concerns-Based Adoption Model (CBAM), designed to conceptualize and facilitate educational change. The model was constructed specifically (1) for the purpose of assisting those in the process of innovation adoption, and (2) to provide a framework within which empirical investigation of the adoption Process could be conducted. The CBAM was designed to define the degree of involvement with and quality of use of the innovation by all members within a project staff and to provide the adoption agent (the school or district) with diagnostic information on which to build prescriptive interventions for each user in the system. Prior to the present study, the CBAM had been used to investigate a number of educational innovations but not bilingual education. A primary goal of our study,

therefore, was to determine the potential applicability of CBAM to bilingual education in the hopes of developing a process that school districts could utilize to improve the effectiveness and productivity of their bilingual education programs.

II. METHOD

Instrumentation

In determining whether or not it was appropriate to apply the instruments and procedures of CBAM to bilingual education, two preliminary questions were addressed:

- Is it reasonable to view bilingual education as an innovation; and
- (2) If so, are there any attributes or characteristics of bilingual education which distinguish it from other innovations?

Rogers and Shoemaker (1971) define the term <u>innovation</u> as an idea, practice, or object perceived as new by an individual. Since bilingual education was instituted voluntarily on a rather large scale only a decade ago and even more recently legally mandated by several states, it certainly seems reasonable to view bilingual education as an innovation in the public school systems of the United States. Of greater importance are the distinguishing characteristics of bilingual education. The following list of innovation dimensions and attributes was developed at a working session at the Conference on Research on Dissemination and Utilization held at The University of Texas at Austin on October 6, 1978:

- . Mandated versus voluntary
- . relative deepness for user (demand on time, etc.)
- . implementation costs--high vs. low (energy costs also)
- scope of implementation: no. of participants, grade levels, subjects, etc.
- . single instructional subject or objectives versus multiple
- . intact innovation versus a bundle or a composite
- whether target focus of implementation is predominately instruction, organization, support, or environment
- . materials-supported versus not
- proximity to classroom (classroom, building, district, state, federal levels)



- externally or internally produced
- . prespecified or considerable latitude or development
- . replicability and exportability
- . degree of specific focus on pupil effects
- produce change within organization or do you change organization itself
- stability (evolving versus fixed) over time

There are four distinguishing characteristics of bilingual education that are especially important:

- it is primarily a legally-mandated as opposed to voluntarily implemented innovation;
- it comprises several quasi-independent innovations which collecttively are referred to as an "innovation bundle";
- it is an innovation which is very wide in scope, involving a number of participants, grade levels, subjects, etc.; and
- 4. it is an innovation which itself is undergoing change, i.e., it is evolving over time as opposed to being fixed.

The CBAM has been used to investigate a number of educational innovations such as team teaching, modules in teacher education, elementary science curriculum, and Individually Guided Education (Hall & Loucks, 1977), all of which differ from the innovation of bilingual education in one or more of the above attributes. However, as will be discussed below, it is possible to modify and supplement certain of the model's instruments and procedures in order that it can be applied to the unique requirements of bilingual education.

The CBAM postulates two dimensions along which individuals grow as their familiarity with and use of an innovation increases; Stages of Concern About the Innovation (SoC) and Levels of Use of the Innovation (LoU). Two instruments were developed to assess where an individual stands in relation to the adoption of an innovation: the SoC Questionnaire and the LoU interview. The SoC Questionnaire measures the individual's level of concern

about the innovation, while the LoU Interview focuses on the behavioral aspects of the individual's involvement with a change. Both instruments are based on the CBAM, which assumes (1) that the process of change involved in the adoption of innovations by individuals within formal organizations is a highly personal and lengthy one which affects individuals differently; and (2) that the only way to know for certain whether and how an innovation is being used is to assess each individual's concern for and use of the innovation directly.

Stages of Concern Questionnaire

A logical consequence of the CBAM is that an individual's concern with an innovation will differ in type according to her/his closeness to and involvement with the innovation. Hall, George, and Rutherford (1977) identified seven stages of concern about the innovation (see Attachment I) and further demonstrated that one's movement through these stages is a developmental process in which earlier concerns must first be resolved (lowered in intensity) before later concerns emerge (increase in intensity). To provide a measure of Stages of Concern, Hall and his colleagues developed a 35-item Stages of Concern Questionnaire which was validated over a three-year period. The SoC Questionnaire was used in cross-sectional and longitudinal studies of 11 different educational innovations and was tested for estimates of reliability, internal consistency, and validity. Based on the extensive and highly detailed psychometric data obtained from these study, Hall, et al., concluded that the SoC Questionnaire accurately measures

The SoC Questionnaire consists of three components: (1) an introductory page, (2) 35 test items, and (3) a demographic page (see Attachment II). The SoC Questionnaire remains the same for different administrations, only



the name of the innovation is changed on the introductory page. The phrase "bilingual education" was, therefore, inserted at the appropriate point on the introductory page. The purpose of the introductory page is threefold: (1) to present the purpose of the instrument; (2) to explain and show through examples how to complete the instrument; and (3) to indicate which "innovation" the individual is to consider when responding. The next two pages of the questionnaire contain the 35 items to which the individual responds. The respondent marks each item on a 0-to-7 Likert scale according to the degree to which it is true that the item describes a concern felt by the individual at the present time. The third part of the questionnaire is the demographic page, which the staff developed to determine possible relationships between various demographic variables and the type of program being implemented, its degree of implementation, and the level of concerns of those involved. The information obtained on each teacher includes grade level taught, number of years at present school, number of years involved in bilingual education, proficiency in Spanish, Texas Education Agency certification status, specialized training in bilingual education, and highest degree earned. The questionnaire can be issued by mail or in person and can be administered to a group or to an individual; it takes approximately 10 to 15 minutes to complete.

Levels of Use Interview

The CBAM postulates eight levels of use that individuals demonstrate as they move from nonuse to highly sophisticated use of an innovation (see Attachment III). To measure Levels of Use, the CBAM project staff developed a focused interview that involves a branching format with specific questions and follow-up probes (Loucks, Newlove, & Hall, 1975; see Attachment IV). Data from change research and evaluation studies indicate that the eight



different LoU's can be reliably measured using the "focused interview" technique (Hall & Loucks, 1977). Furthermore, the results of a study conducted by Hall and Loucks using an ethnographic methodology attest to the validity of the LoU Interview procedure.

The list of questions that should be included in the interview are presented in Attachment V. The interview can be conducted by telephone or in person and follows a conversational format. Its length varies according to the talkativeness of the user and the degree of her/his involvement with the innovation, but typically it takes approximately 20 minutes. The interview is conducted by a trained interviewer who is thoroughly familiar with the innovation that is the focus of the interview. The interviewer is trained to probe for information related to (1) the overall level of use; (2) the decision points which separate each level; and (3) categorical information that represents additional data points within a level. The interview is tape-recorded and later evaluated by trained raters.

Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire

An important characteristic of the LoU Interview is that it is not specific to any one innovation, since fundamentally different types of questions are not required for different innovations. However, to adapt the LoU Interview to the complex innovation of bilingual education, it was first necessary to specify the frame of reference of the innovation, a process which involved three interrelated steps:

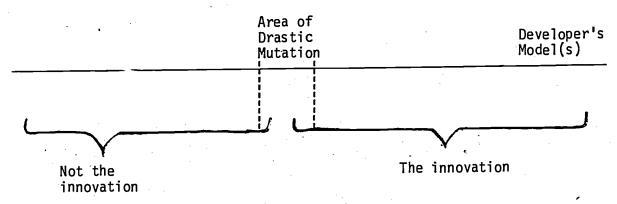
- Develop a basic definition of bilingual education based on existing theoretical considerations;
- (2) Develop a procedure for identifying the different patterns of use ("configurations") of bilingual education; and
- (3) Develop guidelines and/or distinguishing characteristics for what constitutes use of bilingual education.



Such information is required to enable the interviewer to obtain the information necessary to make a "use/nonuse" judgment at the first decision point in the branching LoU Interview.

The focus of much of our early work was the development of a procedure for determining the configurations of bilingual education being implemented in the SEDL service area. For many innovations it is possible to identify key characteristics or components for which variations in the innovation can be observed. Specific innovation configurations are operationally defined in terms of variation in the selection and use of innovation components. Hall and Loucks (1978) describe a procedure for identifying configurations which involves determining the components and component variations that describe the innovation in use. The more components and the more variations within components, the greater the number of configurations for a given innovation. For innovations having a large number of components, such as bilingual education, it is necessary to select the "key" components of the innovation in order to reduce the number of possible configurations to a manageable set of dominant patterns.

In their paper Hall and Loucks also discuss the notion of a "configuration continuum," which is illustrated below (p. 12):



At the far right of the continuum lies the developer's model. As additional variation in the original model is introduced, the resulting configurations approach the Area of Drastic Mutation, the zone beyond which modified forms of the original innovation are no longer accepted as <u>the</u> innovation.

Applying the concepts of <u>innovation</u> <u>component</u> and <u>configuration</u>

<u>continuum</u> to the innovation of bilingual education, we have developed a

continuum of 14 possible dual-language program structures, each being

defined in terms of variation on three major components:*

- 1. Percent of instruction time of language arts which is devoted to Spanish language arts (i.e., reading and writing in Spanish and Spanish oral language development).
- Percent of instruction time of content areas other than language arts which is taught in Spanish (i.e., mathematics, science, social studies, music, etc.).
- 3. Grade levels at which such instruction is provided.

In sum, the three most important distinguishing instructional variables seem to be amount of instruction \underline{of} the language, amount of instruction \underline{in} the language, and the grade levels at which such information is included.

The type of possible dual-language program structures range from those in which very little Spanish is included in the curriculum to those in which both English and Spanish are used as the medium of instruction in all curricular domains. As shown below the continuum of program structures may be divided into three groups: (1) programs which do not satisfy minimum requirements to be classified as bilingual programs, (2) transitional programs, and (3) maintenance programs.

Non-Bilingual Programs				Transitional Programs				!	Maintenance Programs				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
					_			i					

^{*}Dr. Ernesto Zamora of the Texas Education Agency worked closely with the staff in developing the continuum and is largely responsible for providing definitions of the 14 program structures.

The division between non-bilingual programs (1-4) and the remaining two groups of programs (5-14) provides the basis for a definition that may be used in making the "use/nonuse" decision described earlier. It is also the analog to the Point of Drastic Mutation of configuration continuums.

Transitional programs are those in which Spanish is utilized as an instructional vehicle solely to facilitate the acquisition of English language skills. Instruction in Spanish is provided in decreasing amounts as instruction in English is increased up the grade levels until all of the curriculum is taught in English. In essence, the ultimate aim is to exit the child from this dual-language curriculum to a single-language curriculum (i.e., the regular English-only program). Maintenance programs also utilize both languages as vehicles for teaching and learning, but unlike traditional programs, after instruction in Spanish is gradually decreased and English increased, instruction continues on a 50/50 basis at a predetermined point as the student moves up the grade levels. By maintaining and developing both languages throughout the educational program, the ultimate aim is for the student to become bilingual-bicultural with a capability to think and function in either language. The definitions of the 14 program structures are presented below:

Non-Bilingual Programs

- 1 Regular All-English Program (RAEP)
- 2 RAEP plus English-As-A-Second Language Program
- 3 RAEP plus foreign language (e.g., Spanish) in elementary school
- 4 RAEP plus non-English language (N-EL) used for giving instruction and clarification only



Transitional Programs

- 5 Programs of this type develop understanding and speaking skills in both English and Spanish; reading and writing skills, however, are developed in English only. The academic subjects (e.g., math, science, social studies) are generally taught via the English language.
- 6 Programs of this type provide the regular English curriculum with a Spanish arts component (e.g., understanding, speaking, reading, and writing). No subject area instruction is provided in Spanish.
- 7 Programs of this type provide the regular English curriculum with selected (a portion of) subject areas taught via Spanish. No Spanish arts instruction is provided.
- 8 Programs of this type develop understanding, speaking, reading, and writing skills in both English and Spanish concurrently but in unequal amounts (time and treatment). English is used as the basic language of instruction, with the development of reading and writing skills in Spanish in cultural topics via social studies, literature, and art; while other subjects (e.g., math and science) are taught primarily in English.
- 9 Programs of this type develop understanding, speaking, reading, and writing skills in both English and Spanish concurrently but in unequal amounts (time and treatment) and use Spanish as the medium of instruction in some curricular domains (e.g., social studies, music, art) and some in English.
- 10 Programs of this type develop understanding, speaking, reading, and writing in both English and Spanish concurrently but in equal amounts (time and treatment) and use both languages as media for instruction in all curricular domains (e.g., math, science, social studies).

Maintenance Programs

- 11-14 Maintenance programs develop understanding, speaking, reading, and writing skills in both English and Spanish concurrently and first in unequal, then equal amounts. Specifically, instruction in Spanish is gradually decreased as the English language is increased. At a predetermined point instruction continues on a 50/50 basis as the child moves up the grade levels. Both languages are used as media for instruction in a portion of or all of the curricular domains (i.e., math, science, social studies).
 - 11 At the secondary level, the regular English curriculum is offered, in addition to a Spanish language arts component (e.g., the "Spanish S" program or Spanish for Spanish speakers; Spanish-as-a-second language for non-native speakers of Spanish).

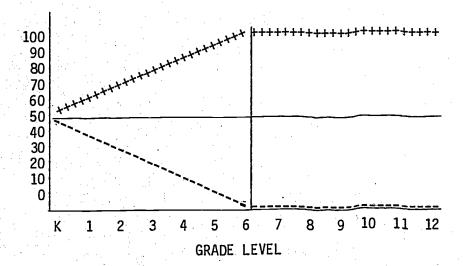


- 12 At the secondary level, the regular Inglish curriculum is offered, with some subject areas taught in Spanish (e.g., social studies), but in unequal amounts.
- 13 At the secondary level, the regular English curriculum is offered, with some subject areas taught in Spanish and some Spanish language arts instruction provided, but in unequal amounts.
- 14 At the secondary level, the skills of understanding, speaking, reading, and writing are developed in both English and Spanish and both languages are used as media of instruction in all curricular domains. Both languages are used in equal (50/50) amounts.

It is possible to represent graphically the differences between the various program structures by plotting variations on the three major components described earlier. Consider the definitions for program structures 9 and 11, the former being a transitional program and the latter a maintenance program. Assuming a sixth grade transition point for both types of programs, the following sets of graphs depict prototypical curriculum patterns for the two types of program structures. Similar sets of graphs for the transitional and maintenance programs are included in Attachment VI.



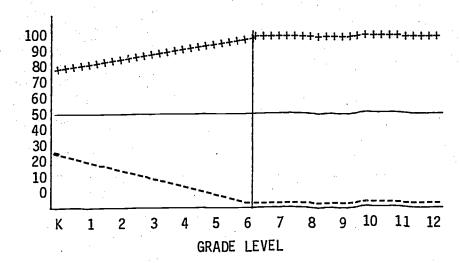
Percent of
Instruction
Time of
Language Arts
Devoted to
Spanish/English
Language Arts



KEY:

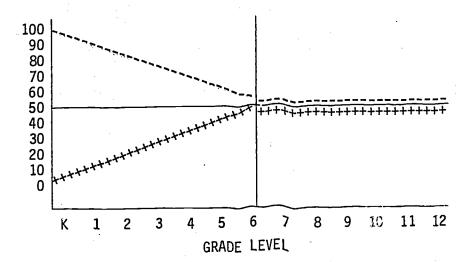
Spanish ---English +++

Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Laught in
Spanish/English



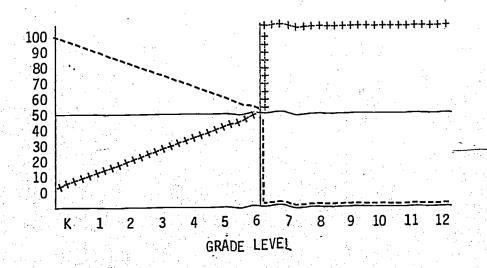
Curriculum Patterns for Program Structure 9

Percent of
Instruction
Time of
Language Arts
Devoted to
Spanish/English
Language Arts



KEY:
Spanish --English +++

Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English



Curriculum Patterns for Program Structure 11

Once a set of variables or components was derived which differentiate between program types, the next step was to develop a process to gather data on configurations of bilingual education programs in the field. Ideally, the determination of program type would be based on extensive classroom observations and/or teacher interviews. In most cases, however, such an approach would greatly exceed the resources of the school district. The staff therefore decided to develop a questionnaire that would solicit the following kinds of information from each teacher involved in a bilingual education program:

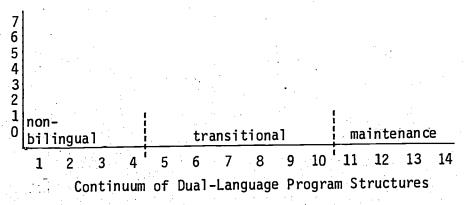
- (1) What subject areas and/or instructional activities are provided to the teacher's homeroom students throughout the day (concurrent activities are listed separately)?
- (2) For how long is the instruction provided and what is the anticipated duration of the activities (e.g., two weeks, one day each week, all year long, etc.)?
- (3) What are the language classifications of the student or group of students within each instructional activity (balanced bilingual, monolingual English, Monolingual Spanish, Spanish dominant, etc.)?
- (4) Who is the primary instructor of the activity (teacher, teacher aide, resource teacher)?
- (5) In what language is the activity conducted (including both language of instruction and language of materials)?

It was felt that a questionnaire requiring such information on each student in the classroom would be asking too much of the teacher's time. The staff, therefore, developed, pilot-tested, and refined the Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire (see Attachment VII) which essentially amounts to asking the teacher for her/his current and projected daily schedule of classroom activities. For each activity indicated, the teacher was asked to simply check off the language categories of the students within each instructional activity, the primary instructor, the language of instruction, and the language of materials.

Originally it was hoped that a few questions at the beginning of the LoU Interview would be sufficient to determine the type of program being implemented, but with an innovation as complex as bilingual education, such a procedure is not possible. We, therefore, decided to ask the teachers involved in the study to first complete the Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire. The data from the questionnaire would then be analyzed, and if further information was needed, additional questions would be presented at the beginning of the LoU Interview, which would be conducted on a separate occasion.

It was anticipated that the CBAM instruments and the Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire would provide the basis for locating a given bilingual program (collapsing across classrooms at the school and/or district level) along two conceptually independent dimensions, the program dimension and the Levels of Use, Stages of Concerns dimension, as shown below (since Levels of Use and Stages of Concern are aspects of the same developmental process, congruency in the relationship between the two over a period of time can be noted if the adoption is progressing satisfactorily):







Sites

Since a primary goal of our project was to develop a process that school districts could use to improve the effectiveness and productivity of their bilingual education programs, the staff felt it desirable to test the instruments and procedures in as wide a variety of circumstances as possible to insure broad applicability of our products and findings. We originally identified four operationally defined dichotomous variables that should be considered in site selection. These were:

- (1) Concentrations of Spanish surnames (high, low)
- (2) Type of program (transitional, maintenance)
- (3) Geographical setting (urban, rural)
- (4) Length of time program has been in effect (old, new) The four variables can be combined in 16 different ways (2^4 = 16), but it was discovered that three of the variables—type of program, concentration of Spanish surnames, and length of time program has been in effect are highly correlated, reducing the number of combinations to four. We, therefore, planned to conduct our study in four school districts, two of which were implementing maintenance programs and the other two transitional programs, with one of the maintenance programs being located in a rural setting and the other in an urban setting, and likewise for the two transitional programs. Accordingly, sites in the following towns and cities were secured:
 - (1) El Paso, Texas urban, maintenance
 - (2) Fort Worth, Texas urban, transitional
 - (3) Canutillo, Texas rural, maintenance
 - (4) Bishop, Texas rural, transitional

The instruments and procedures were tested during the 1978-1979 school year, with the SoC Questionnaire being administered first, the Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire second, and the LoU Interviews conducted last. The



testing schedules for the four school districts were staggered somewhat in order that necessary modifications and refinement in the instruments and procedures could be completed prior to further testing in subsequent districts.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

SoC Questionnaire

The SoC Questionnaire was group administered to 100 elementary school teachers in Site One, 110 teachers in Site Two, 22 in Site Three, and 11 in Site Four. In all but one site, the number represents all the teachers in the bilingual program. The data from the SoC Questionnaire were analyzed to determine individual and collective concerns that teachers have about the implementation of bilingual education programs in their district.

The data were scored using the guidelines included in the SoC Questionnaire Manual (Hall, George, & Rutherford, 1977). Each of the seven Stages
of Concern is allotted five statements on the questionnaire (see Attachment
VIII). The raw score for each stage is obtained by adding the responses to
those five statements. These scores are then converted into percentile
scores by using the Stages of Concern Raw Score-Percentile Conversion Chart,
based on normative data collected by Hall, George, and Rutherford (see
Attachment IX). Hall, et al., describe a variety of data analysis procedures,
but the most sensitive interpretation of concerns data is Profile Interpretation. By plotting individual or group mean percentile scores for each stage
on a graph, it is possible to determine where the group or individual falls
with respect to the hypothesized growth sequence of concerns (see Attachment
X).

To facilitate the processing of the data a computer program developed by CBAM project personnel to score the SoCQ was implemented on the SEDL computer. The processing capabilities of the program enabled the staff to generate the following analyses for each site:

(1) Overall group profile for participating teachers;



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- (2) Group profiles by grade level;
- (3) Group profiles by amount of experience in bilingual education;
- (4) Group profiles by amount of experience within grade level (when n was of sufficient size);
- (5) Raw group data by grade, experience, and experience with grade level;
- (6) Raw data for individual teachers.

The overall group profiles for the four sites are presented in Attachment XI. An examination of the graph indicates that the teachers from the urban sites have particularly intense Stage 1 and Stage 2 concerns, which are frequently observed as occurring together. A high score on Stage 1 indicates that teachers want more information about bilingual education, while a high Stage 2 score indicates that teachers have intense personal concerns about bilingual education and its consequences for them. While these concerns reflect uneasiness regarding the program of bilingual education, they do not necessarily indicate resistance. The teachers of the rural sites generally exhibited lower concerns, with the exception of high Consequence and Collaboration concerns (Stages 4 and 5) being exhibited by the teachers of one of the rural sites. This would be indicative of an advanced stage of implementation adoption in that the teachers are more concerned about the impact the innovation is having on their students than about the consequences it is having for themselves.

Two findings from our study resulted in modifications and additions to the SoC Questionnaire. One concerns some minor changes in the instrument itself. The SoCQ was first administered to 100 teachers in Site One. The teachers indicated that some of the words that appeared in the test items—namely, "innovation," "method," and "approach"—were too vague and unclear and suggested that they be replaced with the phrase "bilingual education." After consulting with members of the CBAM project staff, it

was agreed that "innovation" and similar words could be replaced with "bilingual education" without adversely affecting the validity of the questionnaire. The revised questionnaire was administered to 11 teachers in Site Four. The favorable feedback received from the teachers suggests that replacing the word "innovation" with "bilingual education" increases the clarity of the test items.

A substantial number of teachers in the study also indicated confusion over the wording of the following items:

I would like to know what resources are available <u>if we decide</u> to adopt bilingual education.

I would like to determine how to supplement, enhance, or <u>replace</u> bilingual education.

I would like to know how bilingual education is better than what we have now.

Much of the confusion appears to stem from the fact that bilingual education is, for the most part, a legislatively mandated innovation. For this reason it does not make much sense to talk in terms of what resources are available "if we decide" to adopt bilingual education, or how one might "replace" bilingual education, or how bilingual education is better than "what we have now." Although the instructions to the questionnaire indicate that the respondent should circle "O" for items which seem irrelevant, it was felt that leaving the items in their present form might result in a loss of valuable information and adversely affect the psychometric qualities of the instrument. The following minor changes in wording are therefore suggested:

I would like to know what resources are available for bilingual education.

I would like to determine how to supplement, ehnance, or modify bilingual education.

I would like to know how bilingual education is better than what we had in the past. $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$



An analysis of the data obtained with the SoCQ resulted in an important addition to the instrument. Although for each site the group profiles for the different grade levels tend to be very similar and reflect the overall pattern, the group profiles for varying amounts of experience reflect a different pattern. The data indicate that the group profiles for the inexperienced teachers of our larger sites closely approximates the prototypical profile of new innovation users (which is illustrated in Attachment X), but that the profiles of the more experienced groups tend to deviate from the prototypical profiles of more experienced users. Specifically, the more experienced teachers exhibited higher level concerns (as expected), but also continued to exhibit low level concerns (especially informational concerns). The group profiles for varying amounts of experience in bilingual education for the Site Two and Site One teachers are presented in Attachment XII.

It is likely that this pattern is due to the highly complex nature of bilingual education, which consists of several individual innovations (collectively referred to as an "innovation bundle") that cannot be. implemented all at once. (Examples include Spanish reading, English as a second language, culture, Spanish mathematics, grouping by language classification, etc.) Because bilingual education is such a wide ranging innovation, many districts begin with low level transitional programs that eventually evolve into more advanced programs as better trained staff, more materials, etc., become available. In addition to being phased in gradually, the innovation itself is undergoing change as a result of modification in legal guidelines and the reporting of recent research on bilingual education (much of which was initiated after bilingual education was legally mandated). Since the innovation is continually undergoing change, it is not surprising that more experienced users continue to exhibit high informational concerns. The high personal concerns exhibited by experienced

teachers probably reflects another feature of bilingual education; namely, that its implementation requires a highly coordinated effort across class-rooms and grade levels, a responsibility that all too often rests in the hands of a disinterested or untrained principal who opposes the implementation of bilingual education.

An item analysis of the data and discussion with teachers having differing amounts of classroom experience suggest that even though more experienced teachers continue to exhibit high informational concerns, the type of information sought differs from that of the less experienced teachers. More experienced teachers tend to seek information on the implications of recent changes in the innovation, whereas the informational needs of the less experienced teachers are more general in nature. In its present form the SoC Questionnaire is not sensitive to the different informational needs of bilingual education teachers, nor can it capture the depth and variety of such needs which stem from the complexity and scope of the innovation. The Professional Development Questionnaire was, therefore, developed as a supplement to the SoC Questionnaire to provide more detailed data on the specific informational needs of bilingual teachers (see Attachment XIII). The PDQ consists of 62 items which were drawn from published competency lists based on the opinions of experts and on research studies available in the literature on bilingual education and teacher effectiveness.

The PDQ was administered to the teachers of three sites. The analysis of the PDQ data consisted of three activities:

- (1) Compiling the highest priority items for each teacher; i.e., obtaining a listing of the items for which the greatest need was indicated;
- (2) Rank ordering of highest priority items for different groupings; i.e., overall, by amount of experience, by grade level, and by school; and



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(3) Performing a cluster analysis of high priority items for each group.

This procedure provided for several options in the development of staff development activities, since the data were organized and examined in a variety of ways (see Attachment XIV for an example of data organized by grade level). An improvement in the PDQ would be to have the teacher indicate at the end of the questionnaire the high priority items (say three or four) on which she/he desires immediate help. There were numerous instances in which teachers marked ten or more items for which help was sought "to a great extent."

Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire

Our field work with the Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire indicates that a moderate amount of "front end" work needs to accompany the administration of the instrument to insure overall quality of the data. Specifically, teachers need to be encouraged to use generic descriptions of instructional activities, rather than textbook titles, developer's or publisher's names, etc. Also, since the language categories of the students within instructional groups play a major role in determining the type of program being implemented, care must be taken to insure that teachers understand the set of language category definitions used in the questionnaire.

To handle the data from the BCQ two computer programs were written, one for cleaning the data (the BCQERR) and the other for processing the data themselves (the BCQTAB). An overview of the system for coding, cleaning, scoring, and analyzing the data from the BCQ is presented below (the coding instructions for the BCQ, the deck structures for the BCQERR and BCQTAB programs, and the BCQERR and BCQTAB programs themselves are presented in Attachments XV, XVI, XVII, and XVIII, respectively):

STEP 1: FRONT END WORK

Provide rationale for completing instrument. Carefully go over instructions with teachers. Work through some examples. Answer questions.

STEP 2: ADMINISTER QUESTIONNAIRE

Have teachers bring classroom schedules and complete questionnaire in presence of administrator, in case questions arise.

STEP 3: DATA CLEANNING AND CODING

Check questionnaire over for common errors and correct, if possible. Transfer information to coding sheets according to procedures specified in coding booklet.

STEP 4: KEY PUNCH DATA, RUN ERROR PROGRAM (BCQERR)

If output from error program indicates the presence of errors in coded input, read diagnostic information and make necessary changes.

STEP 5: RUN MAIN PROGRAM (BCQTAB) ON CORRECTED INPUT

Program output includes (1) information pertaining to each type of instructional activity occurring in classroom; (2) individual teacher summaries for language arts, major content areas, and minor content areas; and (3) summary information collapsed across groups of teachers.

STEP 6: DATA ANALYSIS

The control cards for the program provide for various options, selected according to whether the primary focus or unit of analysis is the classroom, school, or district. To determine program type, plot values corresponding to key distinguishing variables and compare resulting pattern With prototypical patterns.

The purpose of the BCQTAB program is to generate the necessary descriptive information to determine the configurations of existing bilingual education programs. As noted earlier, the key distinguishing instructional variables of bilingual education programs seem to be:

- (1) Percent of instruction time of language arts devoted to Spanish language arts.
- (2) Percent of instruction time of content areas other than language arts which is taught in Spanish (this should be broken down into minor and major content areas; see discussion below).
- (3) Grade levels at which such instruction is provided.

In order to analyse the data from the BCQ in terms of these components, certain assumptions and concepts are incorporated into the computer program developed to process the data. Specifically, since language group autonomy cannot be assumed (i.e., monolingual Spanish-speaking children, for example, may appear in more than one instructional activity, but may or may not be the same monolingual Spanish children), the program calculates the total amount of time devoted to each type of instructional activity (some of which may be concurrent activities). The percent of time in which one or more children of a given language type participates in an instructional activity (e.g., reading) is then calculated for each language group (this is called the "participation percent"). For each language group, the total amount of time in which one or more children of that language groups participates in language arts activities is divided into two parts, the proportion devoted to Spanish language arts and the proportion devoted to English language arts. A similar procedure is used with the major and minor content areas. This information is then collapsed across teachers at each grade level to determine the type of program being implemented. Provided that computer facilities are available, a system like the one described above is especially useful in large metropolitan school districts, where the resources and staff of those involved in administering bilingual education programs are typically quite limited.

The first page of the printed output provides the general definitions and abbreviations used in the analysis of the BCQ data (see Attachment for examples of printed output). The next section contains informa-XIX tion on each teacher who completed the BCQ; specifically, information pertaining to each type of instructional activity occurring in her/his classroom and individual teacher summaries for the language arts, major content areas, and minor content areas. For the kindergarten classroom represented in Attachment XIX eight distinct types of instructional activities are provided throughout the day. It should be noted that the total time allotment indicated for an activity type may result from summing the amounts of time associated with activities of the same type that take place concurrently, as would probably be the case if the teacher had an aide or resource teacher in the classroom. Therefore, it is possible for the sum of the time allotments to exceed the instructional day. For each type of instructional activity, the time and percent breakdowns are provided for the primary instructor(s) of the activity, the language of instruction, language of materials, and language classifications of the children participating. For the example given, "other Spanish language arts" refers to reading readiness activities, since this is a kindergarten Following the information on each type of instructional activity are individual teacher summaries for the language arts, major content areas, minor content areas, and all content areas combined (see pages 3 and 4 of the example output). The last section of the output contains summary information collapsed across groups of teachers. In the example provided in Attachment XIX the group (n=18) comprises a sample of first grade bilingual education teachers at one of our urban sites.

The average participation percents for the language arts and content areas at various grade levels for LESA children participating in the bilingual programs of our two urban sites is presented below (the data were generated by the BCQTAB program):

			Urban Site	#1
		LANGUAGE	CONTENT AREAS	
Grade	<u>n</u>	Spanish (%)	English (%)	Spanish
K	7	34	66	54 46
1	10	33	67	48 52
2	11	22	78	39 60
3	. 6	16	84	20 80
4,5	5	7	92	10 89

		Urban S	ite #2		
	LANGUAGE	ARTS		CONT	ENT AREAS
Grade n	Spanish (%)	English (%)		Spanis (%)	n English (%)
K 10	37	62		42	57
1 18	76	23		28	71
2 5	73	26		17	82
3 6	23	76		10	89
4 5	27	72		3	96
5 5	21	79		1	99

As indicated earlier, these values may be plotted on a graph and compared to the prototypical patterns associated with different program types.

Attachment XX presents plots for the LESA children of the second urban site. The plot for the content areas is broken down into minor and major content areas, an important distinction since one would want to know whether instruction in Spanish is provided in math, science, and social studies, and not just in art, music, and physical education. The LESA children comprise three language groups—the bilinguals (BB), the Spanish

dominant (BS), and the monolingual Spanish (MS). Separate pairs of plots for each of these language groups can also be generated, as shown in Attachment XX.

An overall transitional program is clearly indicated for the two sites (one of which was originally thought to be a maintenance program), but examination of the data on individual classrooms reveals considerable variability (see scattergrams for second urban site in Attachment XXI). For example, the instructional patterns of some classrooms were more consistent with a "maintenance" philosophy, whereas the patterns of others essentially amounted to ESL programs with no Spanish language arts or content area instruction in Spanish, in which case the needs of the LESA children were not being met. One should, therefore, not rely solely on the summary information provided by the computer program, but should carefully examine each teacher's individual output to obtain as accurate a picture as possible.

LoU Questionnaire

Levels of Use (LoU) Interviews were conducted at three of the four sites in the study. All of the elementary level bilingual education teachers at Site Sour and Site Three were interviewed, as well as a sample of teachers from Site Two. Since bilingual education consists of several quasi-independent innovations (collectively referred to as an "innovation bundle"), it was necessary to develop configuration questions and conduct interviews for each innovation of interest. For example, in a bilingual education program that has four different innovations (e.g., English as a Second Language, Spanish reading, Spanish mathematics, and Culture), one must develop questions to arrive at the particular pattern of use associated

with each innovation. An important reason for developing configuration questions is to enable the interviewer to obtain the information necessary to make the "use/nonuse" decision in the branching-question format of the LoU Interview. Since the same LoU questions are asked for each innovation, it is necessary to cycle through the same set of questions several times. The staff, therefore, streamlined the LoU questions as much as possible (see Attachment XXII for the LoU Interview booklet developed specifically for this study). Five members of the staff conducted the LoU Interviews, which generally took 30 minutes to an hour to complete. Each member was trained by CBAM project personnel and received certification upon completion of practice interviews and ratings (the latter was done to establish interrater reliability).

A rating sheet developed to help the LoU rater process information gathered from a taped LoU Interview is presented in Attachment XXIII. The purpose of the rating procedure is twofold: (1) to place the innovation user at an LoU for each of the seven categories, which represent the key functions in an innovation; and (2) to assign an overall LoU to the innovation user. Concerning the former, it is important to measure LoU's for each category independently, because people who exhibit different "profiles" across the categories may have been assigned the same overall LoU. In such cases, wholly different interventions may be required. For example, an individual with a high level of knowledge about an innovation would not require the same information as one with Level 0 knowledge, even though their overall LoU's may be the same.

The distribution of Levels of Use across different innovations for two of our sites are presented below (for the urban site only ESL and Spanish Reading LoU's were determined):

32

 Rur	<u>al</u>	Si	te
	1.0	. 4. 1	_

	ESL	Spanish Reading	Spanish Math	Culture
0	ω ς	3	5	8
Levels II	0	1	0	0
of III Use IVA	7 4	10	0 6	4
IVB	1	1	1	0
VI VI	0	0 0	0	0

Urban Site

	ESL	Spanish Reading
0	5	8 1
Levels II	0	0
of III Use IVA	1 8	5
A I AB	3	3 0
VI	.0	0

The data reveal that almost one-half of the teachers at the rural site were at the mechanical level of use (Level III) with respect to ESL. This reflects the reality of the situation, as a new ESL program was being implemented the year the interviews were conducted. For Spanish reading, over two-thirds of the teachers were at the Routine Level or above, but the situation was not as good for Spanish math and culture. This is not especially surprising, since language arts are normally given greater emphasis in the earlier stages of the implementation of bilingual education programs. For the urban site the situation was reversed, in that the teachers we



ESL as compared to Spanish reading. It should be noted that in both sites the students of some of the <u>nonusers</u> of ESL and/or Spanish reading were taught by a team teacher or resource teacher, so the picture is not quite as bad as it appears. Also, a substantial number of nonusers (about half) were past users of the innovation in question.

For large groups of teachers, it is simply impractical to interview each teacher over several innovations. Two options are available: (1) interviewing a representative sample of teachers from the school district (a stratified sample would be best, taking into consideration such variables as locale, school, grade level, etc.); or (2) administering a questionnaire that taps the same information as the LoU Interview. Since a major part of the study is to develop a diagnostic-prescriptive process for assessing the staff development needs of each individual involved in the implementation of bilingual education programs, the latter approach seems preferable, provided that an "LoU Questionnaire" with adequate psychometric qualities can be developed. The staff developed two LoU questionnaires, one for Spanish Reading and the other for English as a Second Language (see Attachment XXIV. The questionnaires are based on concepts from the Levels of Use chart but involve a different approach and format than that used in the LoU Interview. A procedure for validating these instruments was developed in cooperation with the CBAM project staff. The instruments were pilot tested on a sample of eight teachers who were administered both the LoU Interview and the LoU Questionnaire (the LoU Interviews were administered first, about two weeks before the questionnaires). The data are presented below:

Spanish Reading
LoU Questionnaire
LoU Questionnaire
(levels corresponding to LoU categories tapped
by items on questionnaire)

1	on quest		——TI	cquir-	1	
Status Report-n ing n 1 VI 2 0 3 0 4 IVA	ing ir IVA - IVB IVB	ess-		mation VI 0 VI 1V VV	Knowl- edge IVA - V VI III	
AVI 6 GChe	IAB IAB	IAB	IV		VI	\
8/IVB	IVA	V	1111			

Overall L as determine LoU Interv	, -
IVB	
. 0	
IVA	
AVI	
0	
AVI	(no-
AVI	(past user)
AVI	
	the state of the s

ESL LoU Questionnaire

1	EDL LOS			Acquir-	1	
Status		sess-		ing Infor-	Knowl- edge	
10-50rt-11	plan- As	ing	Sharing VI	IVB	IV .	
1 VI	IV	VI_	-	0	-	
2 111	0	0	-	VI	V	
3 - V	AVI	IAB	\ VI	AVI	V IVA	
AVI 6 TAR	IVB	IVB	III	VI	0	1
P 6 IVB	IVB	AVI	IAB	VI	IVB	<u>-</u>
	IVA	VI				

Overall LoU as determined by LoU Interview
AVI
III
IAB
0
IAB
IAB
0

An examination of the pilot test data reveals that the correspondence between the questionnaires and interviews is rather poor. Much of the difficulty probably stems from a general characteristic of self report data, which is the tendency to make oneself appear in the best possible light. A total of 17 Level VI's were indicated in the items of the questionnaires corresponding to the various categories of the LoU chart, whereas only two were obtained in the actual interviews. In view of these discouraging findings the staff has decided to abandon the effort to develop an LoU questionnaire.

IV. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The study explored one approach to designing diagnostic/prescriptive staff development programs for bilingual education. In this approach bilingual education is viewed as an innovation in the process of change, and staff development is seen as an integral component of that innovation. Our work with the Concerns-Based Adoption Model (CBAM) indicates that, with certain modifications and additions to its instruments and procedures, the model can be applied to the unique requirements of bilingual education.

Figure 1 illustrates the manner in which the staff has conceptualized the inservice education process. The focus of our effort has been on boxes two and three--identifying teacher needs and developing an inservice plan based on these needs. Four pieces of information seem to us to be crucial in the development of a successful inservice program:

- (1) What concerns do the teachers have about the implementation of bilingual education?
- (2) What are the needs of the teacher in terms of knowledge and skills?
- (3) What are the teachers doing in the classroom, i.e., what are the instructional components of the bilingual programs being implemented?
- (4) What levels of use have the programs in the process of implementation reached?

The instruments developed or adapted to obtain the information sought by each of these four questions are listed below:

- (1) Stages of Concern Questionnaire
- (2) Professional Development Questionnaire
- (3) Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire
- (4) Levels of Use Interview



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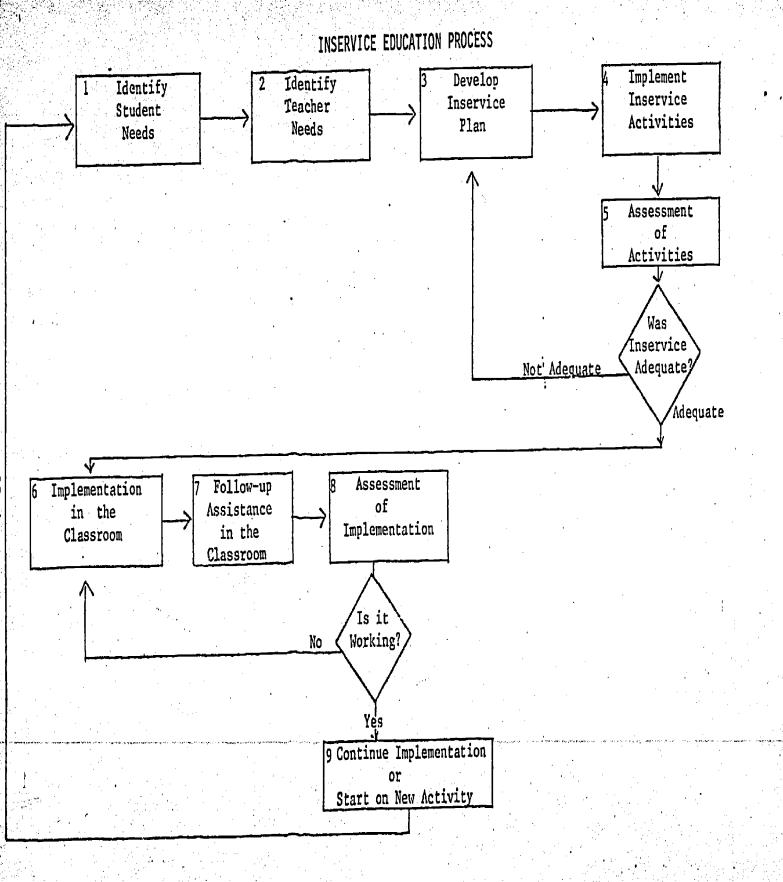


Figure 1.

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory
Bilingual and International Education Division
Austin, Texas



Based on the research conducted, the staff concludes that such a system of instruments and procedures can provide the adoption agent (the school or district) with diagnostic information on which to build prescriptive interventions for each user in the system. It is expected that implementation of intervention strategies that are appropriate and timely and meet the needs of the individual user at a particular stage in the adoption of bilingual education programs will result in the reduction of the time needed to complete the process of innovation adoption and, in certain cases, will prevent the adoption process from being adopted.



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ATTACHMENT I
Seven Stages of Concern About The Innovation



ATTACHMENT I

Reproduced from: Hall, Gene E., George, A. A., and Rutherford, W. L.

Measuring Stages of Concern about the Innovation:

A Manual for Use of the SoC Questionnaire, 1977.

Figure 1.2. Stages of Concern About the Innovation²

- O AWARENESS: Little concern about or involvement with the innovation is indicated.
- 1 INFORMATIONAL: A general awareness of the innovation and interest in learning more detail about it is indicated. The person seems to be unworried about herself/himself in relation to the innovation. She/he is interested in substantive aspects of the innovation in a selfless manner such as general characteristics, effects, and requirements for use.
- PERSONAL: Individual is uncertain about the demands of the innovation, her/his inadequacy to meet those demands, and her/his role with the innovation. This includes analysis of her/his role in relation to the reward structure of the organization, decision making, and consideration of potential conflicts with existing structures or personal commitment. Financial or status implications of the program for self and colleagues may also be reflected.
- 3 MANAGEMENT: Attention is focused on the processes and tasks of using the innovation and the best use of information and resources. Issues related to efficiency, organizing, managing, scheduling, and time demands are utmost.
- 4 CONSEQUENCE: Attention focuses on impact of the innovation on students in her/his immediate sphere of influence. The focus is on relevance of the innovation for students, evaluation of student outcomes, including performance and competencies, and changes needed to increase student outcomes.
- 5 COLLABORATION: The focus is on coordination and cooperation with others regarding use of the innovation.
- 6 REFOCUSING: The focus is on exploration of more universal benefits from the innovation, including the possibility of major changes or replacement with a more powerful alternative. Individual has definite ideas about alternatives to the proposed or existing form of the innovation.





Original concept from Hall, G. E., Wallace, R. C., Jr., & Dossett, W. A. A developmental conceptualization of the adoption process within educational institutions. Austin: Research and Development Center for Teacher Education, The University of Texas, 1973.

ATTACHMENT II

SoC Questionnaire



Division of Bilingual & International Education Staff Development in Bilingual Schooling

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Concerns Questionnaire

Name				
Date Completed			· ·	
It is very important			these data that	we have a
unique number that yo	u can remember.	Please use:	The second secon	and the second s
est 14 digits SS	W state the state of the control			
The purpose of this			the concerns of	neonle
involved in the bilin				
developed from typica				
from no knowledge at				
offexperience with th				
be of little relevance				
irrelevant items ple	ase circle "0" o	n the scale.	Other items wi	11 represent
those concerns you do	have. in varyir	g degress of	intensity, and	should be
marked higher on the	scale, according	to the expla	nation at the t	op of each
of the following page	S. CATTAGE TOTAL	TE MIGNET - 1	ainideachana.	Santia - Ja
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			The state of the s	
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	/ Inis stateme	nt is not at	all: true or me	at this time.
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9:13:2 3 4:33:78:3	/ aginis stateme	HE Seems Ifre	TEABLE TO ME.	
Please respond to the	items in terms	of vour prese	nt concerns or	how von feel
about your involvemen	t or enotential i	nvolvement wi	th bilingual ed	ucation. We do
not hold to any one d	efinition of bil	ingual educat	ion. so please	think of it in
terms of your own per				
itom in torms of your	nregent concern	a about wour	involvement or	notential invo

Thank you for taking time to complete this task.

ement with bilingual education.

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0° 1 2 3 4 5 Not true of me now Somewhat true of me low	.	Yer	6	141) 141)	of	m 🗪	7	
	7	- Ē.						
1. I am concerned about students' attitudes toward bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2. I now know of some other bilingual education programs that might work better.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3. I don't even know what bilingual education is.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	.7
4. I am concerned about not having enough time to organize is myself each day.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5. I would like to help other faculty in their use of bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6-I have a very limited knowledge about bilingual education.	_ 0 .	1	2	.3 :::::	4	5	6	7
力型I would like to know the effect of reorganization on my professional status. 三本語	× 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8.21 am concerned about conflict between my interests and my responsibilities.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
9.11 am concerned about revising my use of bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
10. I would like to develop working relationships with both our faculty and outside faculty using bilingual education.	.0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
11. I am concerned about how bilingual education affects	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
12.41 am not concerned about bilingual education.	_O~	" 1	2	3	4	5	6	7
13. I would like to know who will make the decisions regarding bilingual education.		1	2	3	4.	5	6	7
14.31 would like to discuss the possibility of using bilingual	0	1	2 .	3	4	5	6	7
OF education.	105° 103							
15. I would like to know what resources are available if we decide to adopt bilingual education.	·O	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16. I am concerned about my inability to manage all that bilingual education requires.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
17. I would like to know how my teaching or administration is	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Supposed to change.							-	
18. I would like to familiarize other departments or persons with the progress of bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		ر دو او						-

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19. A am concerned about evaluating my impact on students. 20. I would like to revise bilingual education's instructional	0		'					
20. I would like to revise bilingual education's instructional	٠.,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
approach.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
21. I am completely occupied with other things.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
22. I would like to modify our use of bilingual education based on the experiences of our students.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6.	7
23. Although 1 don't know about bilingual education, I am con- cerned about things in the area.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
24. I would like to excite my students about their part in bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
25. I am concerned about time spent working with nonacademic problems related to bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
26. I would like to know what the use of bilingual education will require in the immediate future.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
27. I would like to coordinate my effort with others to maximize pilingual education's effects.	. 0	1	2	3	4	-5	6	7
28. I would like to have more information on time and energy commitments required by bilingual education.	0	1	2	- 3	4	5	6	7
29. I would like to know what other faculty are doing in the area of bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
30. At this time, I am not interested in learning about bilingual education.	0		- T			5	6	
31. I would like to determine how to supplement, enhance, or replace bilingual education.	. O	44			•	5	6	
32. I would like to use feedback from students to change bilingual education.	0	1	2	· 3	4	5	6	
33. I would like to know how my role will change when I am using bilingual education.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
34. Coordination of tasks and people is taking too much of my time.	0	1	2	.3	4	5	6	7
35. I would like to know how bilingual education is better than what we have now.	0	1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7

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Procedures for Adopting Educational Innovations/CBAM Projects

R&D Center for Teacher Education, The University of Texas at Austin

BEST CORY AVAILABLE

1.	School District
2.	School Name
3.	Teacher Name
4.	Grade(s) you currently teach: (check one or more)
	K1
5.	Number of years at present school
, 6.	Check title of your job at present school: Teacher Aide
	Specialist Other, Specify
±≤7.	How long have you been teaching in a bilingual classroom, not counting this yea
	never1 year 2 years3 years 4 years
	5 years or more
8	In your use of bilingual education, do you consider yourself to be a:
	nonuser novice intermediate old hand
	past user
9.	Proficiency in Spanish: excellent fair poor
.10.	What is your Texas Education Agency certification status? (check one)
Toy be	State Certified Teacher with Bilingual Endorsement
	State Certified Teacher with Special Assignment Permit
	State Certified Teacher with <u>No</u> Bilingual Endorsement or Special Assignment Currently teaching on an Emergency Certificate
	Other, specify
	The action of the second secon
11.	Have you received specialized training in bilingual education? Yes No
	If yes, what type of training did you receive (check one or more)?
	college course(s)district sponsored workshop(s)
	TEA/Service Center 30-Hour Institute
	Other training (specify type and length)
	Highest degree earned: Associate Bachelor Masters Doctorate
12	
	Year degree earned BEST COPY AVAILABLE

ATTACHMENT III

The LoU Chart



LEVELS OF USE

SCALE POINT DEFINITIONS OF THE LEVELS OF USE OF THE INNOVATION

Levels of Use are distinct states that Levels of Use are distinct states that represent observably different types of behavior and patterns of innovation use as axhibited by individuals and groups. These is avails characterize a user's development in acquiring new skills and varying use of the innovation. Each lavel ancompasses a range of behaviors, but is limited by a set of identifiable Dacision Points. For descriptive purposes, each lavel is defined by eaven catagories.

FIGURE I - LOU CHART

CATEGORIES

KNOWLEDGE

That which the user knows about char-actaristics of the innovation, how to use it, and consequences of its use. This is cognitive knowledge related to using the innovation, not facilings or attitudes.

ACQUIRING INFORMATION

Solicite information about the innova-tion in a variety of ways, including questioning resource persons, corres-ponding with resource agencies, reviewing printed maistrals, and making visits.

SHARING

Discusses the innovation with others. Shares plans, ideas, resources, out-comes, and problems related to use of the innovation.

LEVEL 0

NON-USE: State in which the user has little or no knowledge of the innovation, no involvement with the innovation, and doing nothing toward becoming inKnows nothing about this or similar in-novations or has only very limited gen-eral knowledge of efforts to develop innovations in the area.

Knows general information about the innovation such as origin, characteris-

tics, and implementation requirements.

Takes little or no action to solicit infor-mation beyond reviewing descriptive in-formation about this or similar innova-tions when it happens to come to personal attention.

Is not communicating with others about the innovation beyond possibly acknow-ledging that the innovation exists.

DECISION POINT A

ORIENTATION: State in which the user has recently acquired or is acquiring information

e monovation and/or has recently explored or is exploring its value orientation and ts demands upon user and user system.

Takes action to learn more detailed information about the innovation.

Seeks descriptive material about the in-novation. Seeks opinions and know-ledge of others through discussions, visits, or workshops.

Discusses the innovation in general terms and/or exchanges descriptive information, materials, or ideas about the innovation and possible implications of

DECISION POINT B

LEVEL II PREPARATION: State in which the user is preparing for first use of the innovaMakes a decision to use the innovation by establishing a time to begin.

Knows logistical requirements, necessary resources and timing for initial use of the innovation, and details of initial experiences for clients.

Seeks information and resources spe-cifically related to preparation for use of the innovation in own setting.

Discusses resources needed for initial use of the innovation. Joins others in pre-use training, and in planning for resources, logistics, schedules, atc., in preparation for first use.

DECISION POINT C

LEVEL: III.

MECHANICAL USE: State in which the user focuses most effort on the shortwith little time for reflection. Changes in use are made more to meet user needs than client needs. The user is primarily engaged in a stepwise attempt to master the tasks required to use the innovation, often resulting in disjointed and superficial use.

Changes, if any, and use are dominated by user needs.

Knows un a day-to-day basis the requirements for using the innovation. Is more knowledgeable on short-term activities and effects than long-range activities and effects of use of the inno-Solicits management Information about such things as logistics, scheduling techniques, and ideas for reducing amount of time and work required of Discusses management and logistical issues related to use of the innovation. Resources and materials are shared for purposes of reducing management, flow and logistical problems related to use of the innovation.

DECISION POINT D-1

ROUTINE: Use of the innovation is stabilized. Few if any changes are being made in engoing use. Little preparation or thought is being given to improving innovation use or its conse-

A routine pattern of use is established.

Knows both short- and long-term quirements for use and how to use the innovation with minimum effort stress.

Makes no special efforts to seek infor-mation as a part of ongoing use of the innovation.

Describes current use of the innovation with little or no reference to ways of changing use.

DECISION POINT D-2

LEVEL IV B

REFINEMENT: State in which the user varies the use of the innovation to increase the impact on clients within Immediate sphere of influence. Variations are based on knowledge of both shortand long-term consequences for clients.

Changes use of the innovation based on formal or informal evaluation in Order to increase client outcomes.

Knows cognitive and affective effects of the innovation on clients and ways for increasing impact on clients.

Solicits information and materials that focus specifically on changing use of the innovation to affect client outcomes. Discusses own methods of modifying use of the innovation to change client

DECISION POINT E

INTEGRATION: State in which the user is combining own efforts to use the in-novation with related activities of col-leagues to achieve a collective impact on clients within their common sphere on clients w of influence.

Knows how to coordinate own use of the innovation with colleagues to provide a collective impact on clients.

Solicits information and opinions for the purpose of collaborating with others in use of the innovation.

initiates changes in use of innovation based on input of and in coordination with what colleagues are doing.

Discusses afforts to increase client impact through collaboration with others on personal use of the innovation.

DECISION POINT F

LEVEL VI

RENEWAL: State in which the user re-evaluates the quality of use of the in-novation, seeks major modifications of or alternatives to present innovation to schieve increased impact on clients ex-emines. new developments in the field, and explores new goals for self and the

Knows of alternatives that could be used to change or replace the present innovation that would improve the quality of outcomes of its use.

Seeks information and materials about other innovations as alternatives to the present innovation or for making major edaptations in the innovation. Focuses discussions on identification of major alternatives or replacements for the current innovation.

Procedures for Adopting Educational Innovations Project, Research and Development Center for Teacher Education, University of Texas at Austin, 1975, N.I.E. Contract No. NIE-C-74-0087.



Begins exploring alternatives to or major modifications of the innovation presently in use.

CATEGORIES

ASSESSING	PLANNING	STATUS REPORTING	PERFORMING
Examinss the potentisi or actual use of the innovation or some aspect of it. This can be a mental assessment or can involve actual collection and analysis of data.	Designs and outlines short- end/or iong-rangs steps to be taken during process of innovation adoption, i.e., silgns resources, echedules activities, meets with others to organize and/or coordinate use of the innovation.	Describes personsi stand at the pras- ent time in relation to use of the in- novation.	Cerries out the ections and activities entailed in operationalizing the innove-tion.
Takes no action to analyze the innova- tion, its characteristics, possible use, or consequences of use.	Schedules no time and specifies no steps for the study or use of the innovation.	Reports little or no personal involve- ment with the innovation.	Takes no discernible action toward learning about or using the innovation The innovation and/or its accouterments are not present or in use.
		Marie	<u> </u>
Analyzes and compares materials, content, requirements for use, evaluation reports, potential outcomes, strengths and weaknesses for purpose of making a decision about use of the innovation.	Plans to gather necessary information and resources as needed to make a decision for or against use of the innovation.	Reports presently orienting self to what the innovation is and is not.	Explores the innovation and require- ments for its use by talking to others about it, reviewing descriptive informa- tion and sample materials, attending orientation sessions, and observing others using it.
Analyzes detailed requirements and available resources for initial use of the innovation.	Identifies steps and procedures entailed in obtaining resources and organizing activities and events for initial use of the innovation.	Reports preparing self for initial use of the innovation.	Studies reference materials in depth, organizes resources and logistics, schedules and receives skill training in preparation for initial use.
Examinos own use of the innovation with respect to problems of logistics, management, time, schedules, resources, and general reactions of clients.	primarily to immediate ongoing use of	Reports that logistics, time, manage- mant, resource organization, etc., are the focus of most personal efforts to use the innovation.	Manages innovation with varying de- grees of efficiency. Often lacks anticipa- tion of immediate consequences. The flow of actions in the user and clients is often disjointed, uneven and uncer- tain. When changes are made, they are primarily in response to logistical and organizational problems.
Assesses use of the innovation in global terms without reference to making changes. Specific evaluation activities are limited to those that are administratively required with little attention paid to findings for the purpose of changing use.	Plans intermediate and long-range actions with little projected variation in how the innovation will be used. Planning focuses on routine use of resources, personnel, etc.	Reports that personal use of the innovation is going along satisfactorily with few if any problems.	Uses the innovation smoothly with min- imal management problems; over time, there is little variation in pattern of use.
Assesses use of the innovation for the purpose of changing current practices to improve client outcomes.	Develops intermediate and long-range plans that anticipate possible and needed steps, resources, and events designed to enhance client outcomes.	Reports varying use of the innovation in order to change client outcomes.	Explores and experiments with alterna- tive combinations of the innovation with existing practices to maximize client involvement and to optimize client out- comes.
Appraises collaborative use of the in- novetion in terms of client outcomes and strengths and weeknesses of the integrated effort.	Plans specific actions to coordinate own use of the innovation with others to achieve increased impact on clients.	Reports spending time and energy collaborating with others about integrating own use of the innovation.	Collaborates with others in use of the innovation as a means for expanding the innovation's impact on clients. Changes in use are made in coordination with others.
<u> 2008 - Printer Britania (m. 1868)</u> 1885 - Printer Maria, disposition (m. 1888)			
Analyzes advantages and disadvantages of major modifications or alternatives to the present innovation.	Plans activities that involve pursuit of alternatives to enhance or replace the innovation.	Reports considering major modifications of or alternatives to present use of the innovation.	Explores other innovations that could be used in combination with or in place of the present innovation in an attempt to develop more effective means of achieving client outcomes.



ATTACHMENT IV

Overview of Branching Format of the LoU Interview



FIGURE 3. Overview of Branching Format of the LoU Interview

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ATTACHMENT V

LoU Interview Questions



	LoU Interview
0-11/111-VI	Are you currently using?
	NO
	ed in in the past? If so, when? Why did you stop? to *, then return)
: 0/ I - II	Have you made a decision to use in the future
I/II	If so, when will you begin use?
Knowledge	Can you describe for me as you see it?
Acquiring Information	Are you currently looking for any information about? What kinds? For what purposes?
Know1 edge	What do you see as the strengths and weaknesses ofin your situation?
Assessing	At this point in time, what kinds of questions are you asking about? Give examples if necessary
Sharing	Do you ever talk with others and share information about? What do you share?
Planning	What are you planning with respect to? Can you tell me about any preparation or plans you have been making for the use of?
Final Question (Optional)	Can you summarize for me where you see yourself right now in relation to the use of?
	PAST USERS*
	for me how you organized your use of, what nd, what its effects appeared to be on students?
hen you assess trengths and wea	at this point in time, what do you see as the iknesses?
	nonuse questions.)
And the state of t	





Open-ended	Please describe for me how you use (Ask sufficient questions to get configurations.)
Assessing/ Knowledge	What do you see as the strengths and weaknesses of in your situation? (Have you made any attempt to do anything about weaknesses? Probe those they mentioned specifically.)
Acquiring Information	Are you currently looking for any information about? What kind? For what purposes?
Lou V	Do you work with others in your use of? Have you made any changes in your use of based on this coordination? (if yes, go to *)
Sharing	Do you ever talk with others about? What do you tell them?
Assessing	(Have you considered any alternatives or different ways of doing things with the program?) Are you doing any evaluating, either formally or informally, that would affect your use of? Have you received any feedback from students that would affect the way you're using? What have you done with the information that you get?
III/IVA/IVB	Have you made any changes recently in how you use? What? Why? How recently? Are you considering making any changes?
Planning/ Status Reporting	Are you looking ahead to later this year, what plans do you have in relation to your use of?
III-V/VI	Are you considering or planning to make major modifications or replace at this time?
	*Lou V Probes
 How do you work How frequently? 	together? What things do you share with each other?
3. What do you see	as the effects of this collaboration?
 Are you looking this collaborat 	for any particular kind of information in relation to ion?
Do you talk with share with them	others about your collaboration? If so, what do you?
Have you done ar is working?	y formal or informal evaluation of how your collaboration

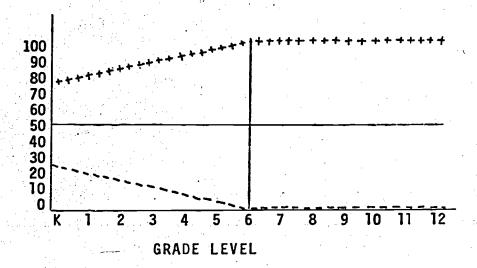
If yes, go to III-V/VI; if no, go to Sharing.

7. What plans do you have for this effort in the future?

ATTACHMENT VI

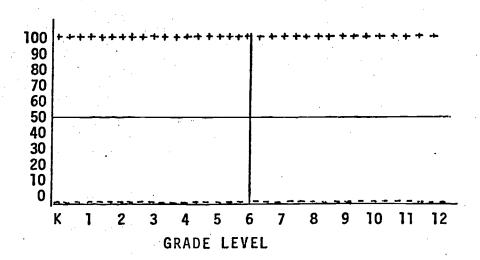
Definitions of Fourteen Program Structures/Curriculum Patterns for Program Structures 5 - 14

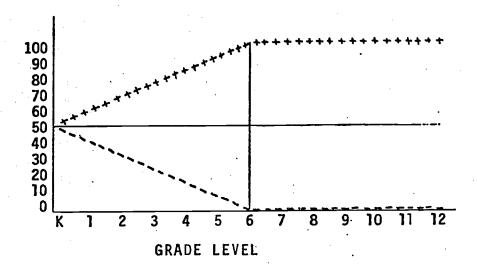




KEY: Spanish ---English +++

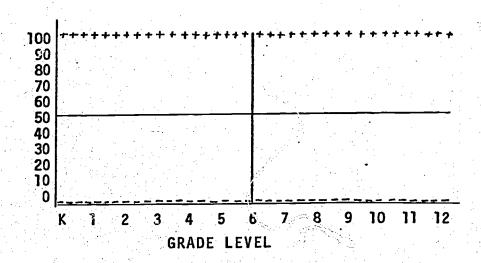
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

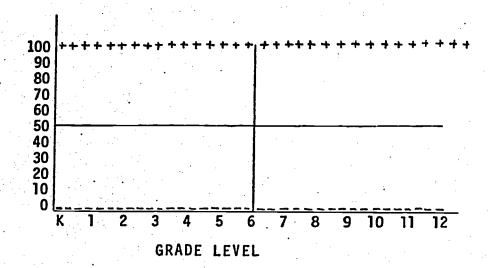




KEY: Spanish ---English +++

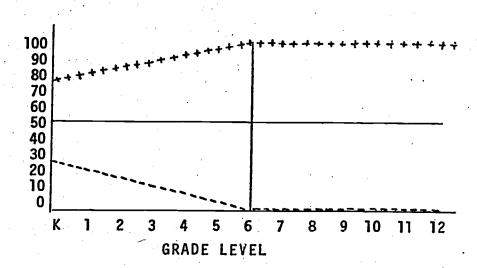
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

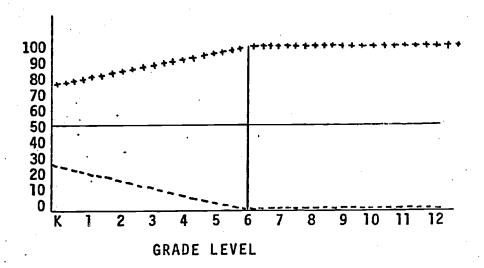




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Spanish --English +++

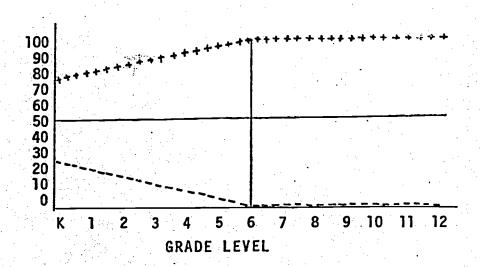
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

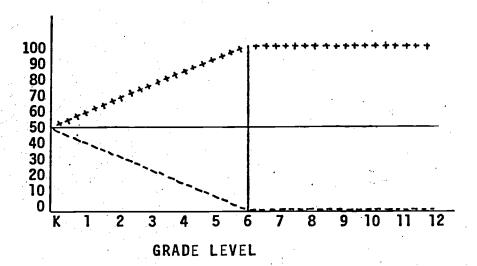




KEY: Spanish ---English +++

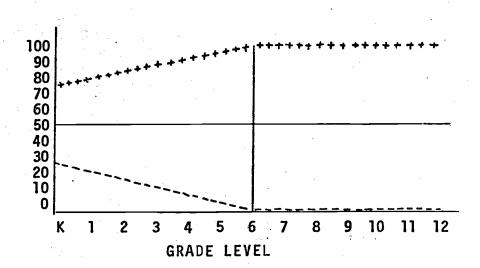
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English



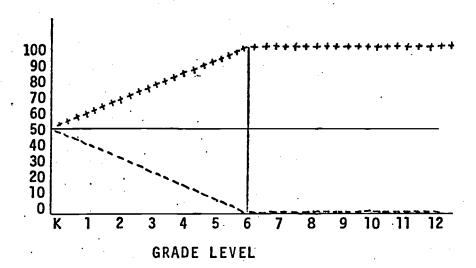


KEY: Spanish ---English +++

Percent of Instruction Time of Content Areas Other Than Language Arts Taught in Spanish/English

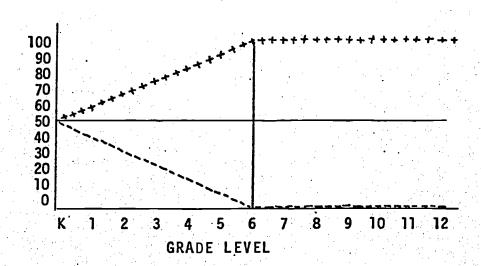


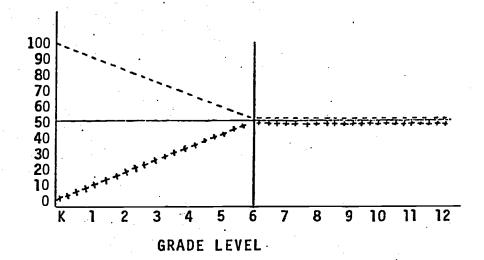




KEY: Spanish ---English +++

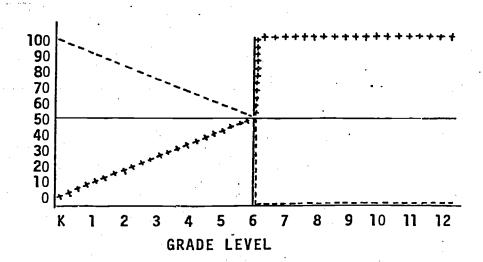
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

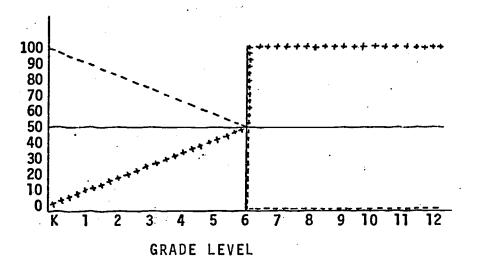




KEY: Spanish ---English +++

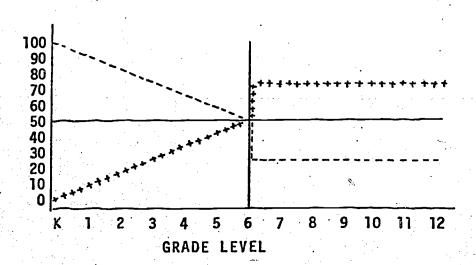
Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English



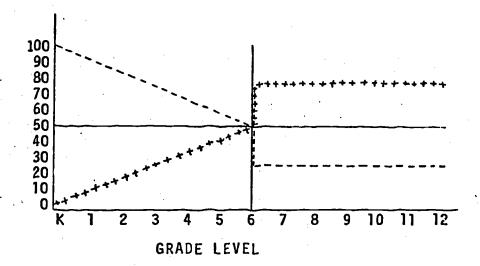


KEY: Spanish ---English +++

Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

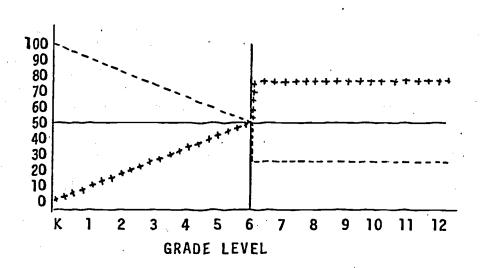




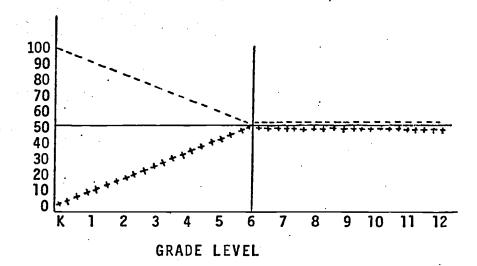


KEY: Spanish ---English +++

Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English

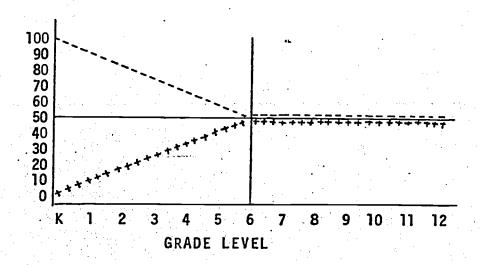






KEY: Spanish ---English +++

Percent of
Instruction
Time of Content
Areas Other Than
Language Arts
Taught in
Spanish/English





ATTACHMENT VII

Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire



BILINGUAL CLASSROOM QUESTIONNAIRE

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory
Division of Bilingual and International Education
211 East Seventh Street
Austin, Texas 78701

The responses from this questionnaire will be used to design inservice education for teachers, and will not be used to evaluate teacher knowledge, skills, or attitudes.

January 1979



eacher Name		•	
chool			
rade Level(s)			
ate Completed			

INSTRUCTIONS

he Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire will be used to describe instructional ractices in bilingual classrooms. The Questionnaire is part of a project designed 1) to provide educators with procedures for describing the type of bilingual éduation in their schools and (2) to identify staff development needs for applying ilingual education successfully.

he Questionnaire will take about 30 minutes to complete. Information is requested a six columns. The example provided below shows how to complete columns one arough three. The discussion which follows describes procedures for completing plumns one through three and adds information on columns four through six.

i Column 1, Current Daily Schedule, please list in time sequence the daily activities of the students in your classroom. If more than one activity occurs during a iven time period, list each of the concurrent activities separately. For example, ippose that from 8:00 to 8:30 one group of students receives Spanish reading intruction while another group receives English oral language development. Each stivity would be listed separately, as shown in the example.

			2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				3			
JRRENT DA	ILY SCHEDULE	ANT	ICIPATED DURATION	1	LANG	UAGE	CAT	EGOR	IES	
or your	homeroom	Contin- uous (All Year	Noncontinuous (All (Please indicate-e.g.,1 day each week; every other week, 2							
URS	ACTIVITY	Long)	weeks out of every 4,etc.)	BB	BE	BS	ME	MS	LL	
00-8:30	Spanish Reading	/				1		/		
	English Oral Language Development	/		1	1					
30-9:00	Science		2 weeks out of every 4	/						
30-9:00	Social Studies		2 weeks out of every 4	/						
00-9:30	P.E.		4 days each week	/	/					
00-9:30	Art	Pr .	1 day each week		1	/				

Column 2, Anticipated Duration, indicate whether the scheduled activity occurs roughout the year () or on a more limited basis (e.g., one day each week, two weeks t of every four, etc.). If different activities are scheduled during the same period t on a rotating basis, please list all the activities as shown in the example above .g., from 8:30-900 Science is taught for two weeks with Social Studies being taught e following two weeks before the cycle repeats itself; from 9:00-9:30 P.E. is taught r four days each week while Art is taught on the remaining day).

e Language Categories noted in Column 3 are to be completed for every Activity noted Column 1. For each Activity, check the Language Categories of the students particiting in the activity. The Language Category Definitions and abbreviations are listed the following page.

Language Category Definitions

Balanced Bilingual (BB) -- Totally fluent in both English and Spanish.

Partial Bilingual, English Dominant (BE) -- Understands all spoken English and produces English utterances with <u>native-like</u> fluency and correctness in syntax (grammar) and vocabulary. Also understands some spoken Spanish and can produce fairly complete sentences in Spanish but with <u>less than native-like</u> fluency. His/her sentences in Spanish are somewhat awkward with regularized errors in syntax and vocabulary.

Partial Bilingual, Spanish Dominant (BS) — Understands all spoken Spanish and produces Spanish utterances with <u>native-like</u> fluency and correctness in syntax (grammar) and vocabulary. Also understands some spoken English and can produce fairly complete sentences in English but with <u>less than native-like</u> fluency. His/her sentences in English are somewhat awkward with regularized errors in syntax and vocabulary.

Monolingual English (ME) -- Understands all spoken English and speaks English with ease and complete native-like fluency and correctness. If any Spanish is understood or spoken it is no more than a few isolated words or expressions.

Monolingual Spanish (MS) -- Understands all spoken Spanish and speaks Spanish with ease and complete native-like fluency and correctness. If any English is understood or spoken it is no more than a few isolated words or expressions.

Limited English/Limited Spanish (LL) -- Does not have native competence in either English or Spanish. It may appear that he/she understands spoken English and Spanish but the oral production in both languages is labored, characterized by awkward sentences and systematic errors in syntax (grammar) and vocabulary.

In Column 4, the Primary Instructor of the Instructional Activity should be indicated. Alternatives are the Teacher, Team Teacher, Resource Teacher, Teacher Aide, and Other. Select one (\checkmark) of these per Activity noted in Column 1.

In Column 5, please check the Language of Instruction for each Activity listed in Column 1. Definitions of the four alternatives are listed below. Select a single category for each Instructional Activity.

Language of Instruction

Primarily Spanish. Instruction is provided exclusively in Spanish or primarily in Spanish with only an occasional use of English during the instructional period.

Primarily English. Instruction is provided exclusively in English or primarily in English with only an occasional use of Spanish during the instructional period.

Alternating Use of Both Languages. Both languages are used approximately an equal amount of time during the instructional period. As distinguished from code-switching, alternating use of the two languages is characterized by exclusive use of one language at a time during an instructional event.

Code-Switching. This form of language involves introducing into the context of one language stretches of speech that exhibit the other language's phonological and morphological features.

In Column 6, indicate the Language of Materials for each Instructional Activity. The alternatives are English, Spanish, Both, or No Material. Select one (\checkmark) of these for every Activity noted in Column 1.



BILINGUAL CLASSROOM QUESTIONNAIRE (a)

*KEY: BB = Balanced Bilingual

BE = Partial Bilingual, English Dominant BS = Partial Bilingual, Spanish Dominant

ANTICIPATED DURATION CURRENT DAILY SCHEDULE Noncontinuous Continuous (Please indicate. (Of your homeroom e.g.,1 day each students) wk., every other (All Year wk., 2 wks. out of every 4, etc. Long) ACTIVITY HOURS



BILINGUAL CLASSROOM QUESTIONNAIRE (b)

ME = Monolingual English
MS = Monolingual Spanish
LT = Limited English/Limited Spanish

I	LL = Limited English/Limited Spanish												
	ł		3			• '		· .	4				
	LANGUAGE CATEGORIES* OF STUDENTS WITHIN INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITIES						PRIMARY INSTRUCTOR OF INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY (Check One)						
						•		Team Resource Teacher					
)	BB	BE	BS	ME	MS	LL	Teacher	Teacher	Teacher	Aide	Other		
1													
_	<u> </u>	 		 		_		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
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BILINGUAL CLASSROOM QUESTIONNAIRE (c)

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ATTACHMENT VIII

Statements on the Stages of Concern Questionnaire Arranged According to Stage



Figure III.2. Statements on the Stages of Concern Questionnaire Arranged According to Stage

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ATTACHMENT IX

Stages of Concern Raw Score-Percentile Conversion Chart For Stages of Concern Questionnaire



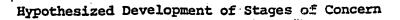
Figure III.4. Stages of Concern Raw Score-Percentile Conversion Chart for Stages of Concern Questionnaire

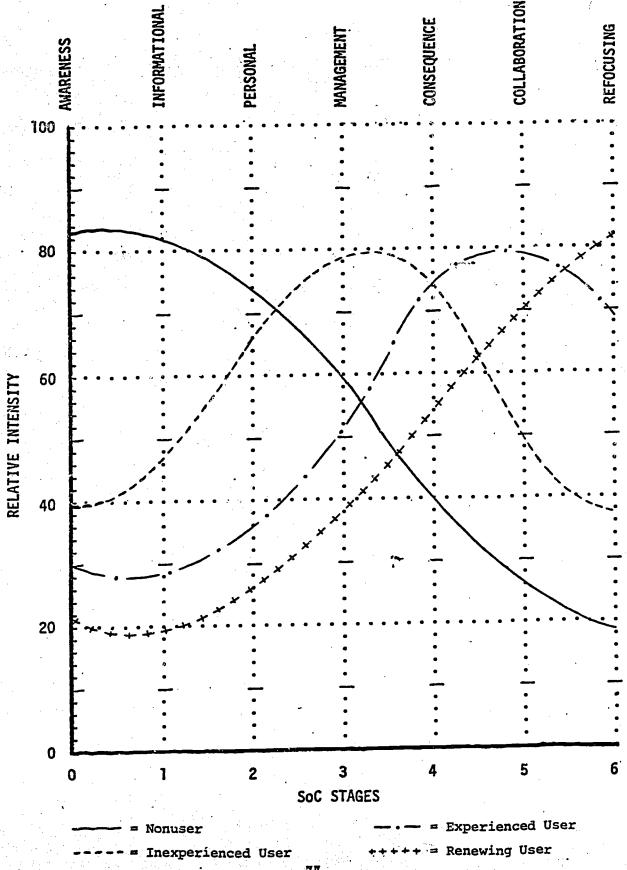
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Pive Item Rev Scale Score Total	Stage 0	Stage 1	Stage 2	stage 3	for Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 5	Total Raw Score	Percentile
•	10	5	5	2	1	1	1	.	
1	23	12	12	5	1	. 2	2	1- 42	3
2	29	16	14	7	1	3	3	43- 55	6.
3	37	19	17	9	2	3	5	56 - 60	9
- 4	46	23	21	11	2	4	. 6	61- 66	u
5	53	27	25	15	3	5	9	68- 72	15
6	60	30	- 28	18	3	7	11	73- 74	19
7	66	34	31	23	4	9	14	75- 78	21
	72	17	35	27	5	10	17	79 80	24
9	77	40	25	30	5	12	20	81- 83	27
10	81	43	41	34	7	14	22	84- 86	30
11	. 84	45	45	39	8	- 16	26	87- 89	33
• 12	86	48	48	43	9	19	30	30- 92	36
13	89	51	52	47	11	23	34	93~ 95	3 <i>9</i>
14	91	54	55	52	13	25	38	96-, 98	42
15	93	57	57	56	16	28	42	99-101	45
16	94	60	59	60	19	31	47,	102-104	48
17	95	63	63	65	21	36	52	105-107	53.
18	36	66	67	69	24	40	57	108-110	54 -
19	97	69	70	73	27	44	60	111-112	57
20	98	72	72	77	30	48	65	113-114	60
21.	93	75	75	.80	33	32,	69	115-116	63
22	99	80	78	83	38	55	73	119-122	66
23	99	84	80	85	43	59	77	123-125	69
24	99	88	83	88	48	64	81	126-127	71
25	99	90	85	90	54	68	84	128-132	74
26	99	91	87	92	59	72	87	133-136	77
27	99	93	89	94	63	76	90	137-141	90 .
28	49	95	91	95	66	80	92	142-144	83
.29	99	96	92	97	71	84 "	94	145-150	86
30	99	97	94	97	76	88	96	151-156	89
31	99	98	95	95	82	91	97 -	37-161	92
32	99	99	96	98	86	93	98	162-173	95
33	99	99	96	99	90	95	99	174-189	98
34	99	99	97	99	92	97	99	191-245	99
35	99	99	29	· 99	95	98	99	1	

ATTACHMENT X

Hypothesized Development of Stages of Concern







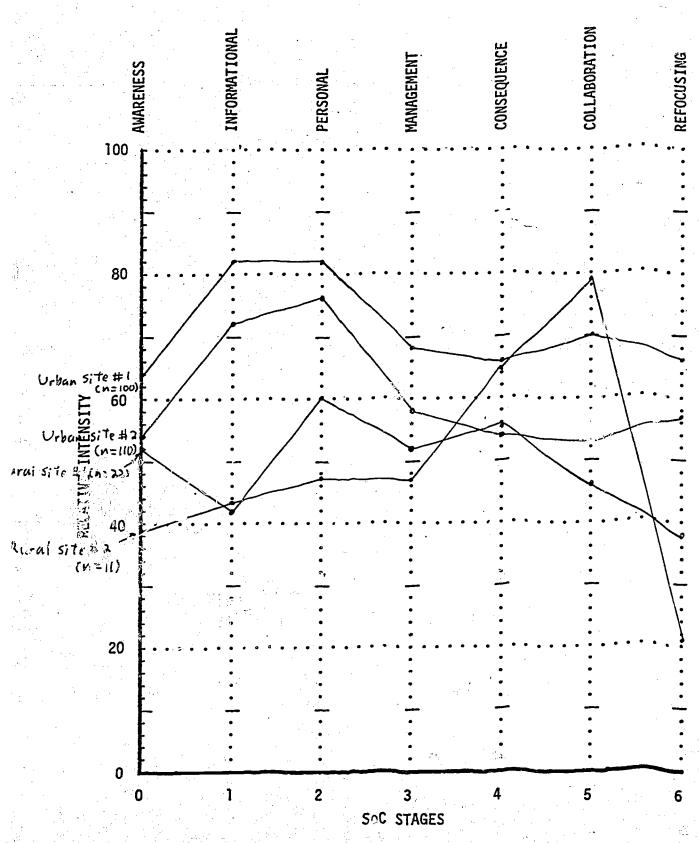
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ATTACHMENT XI

Distribution of Teachers' Concerns About Implementing Bilingual Education



Distribution of Teachers' Concerns About Implementing Bilingual Education



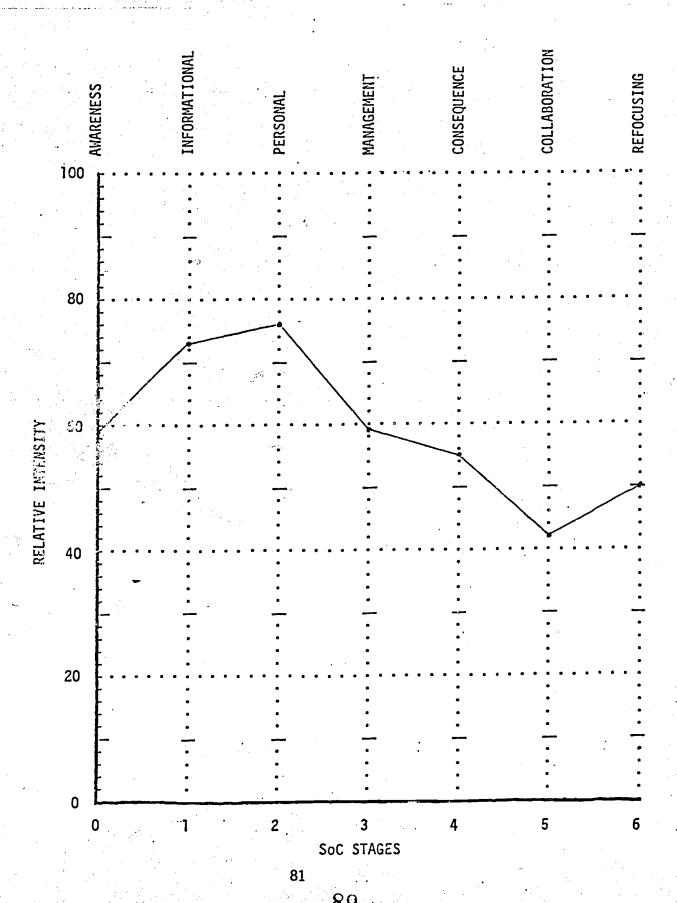
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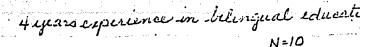
ATTACHMENT XII

Group Profiles by Amount of Experience



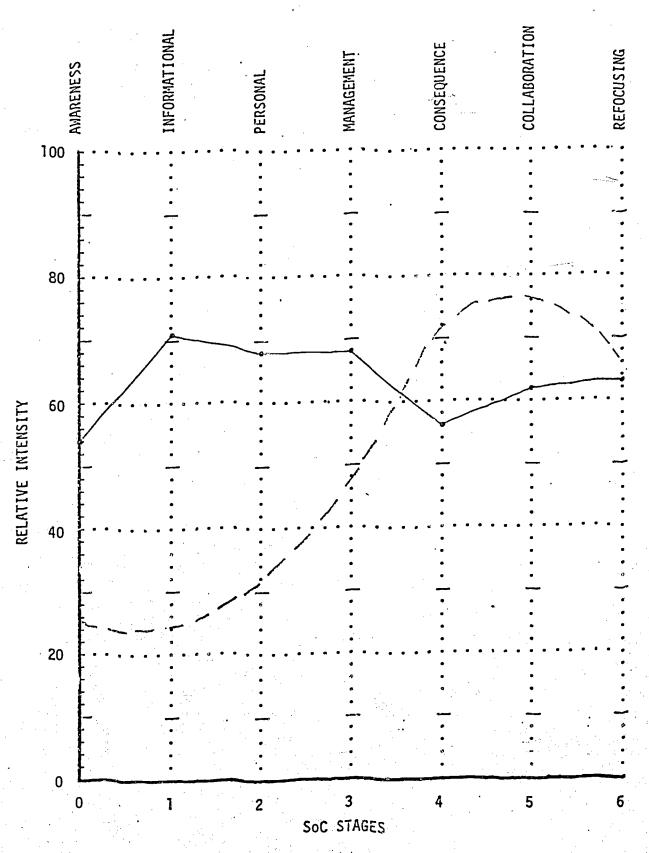


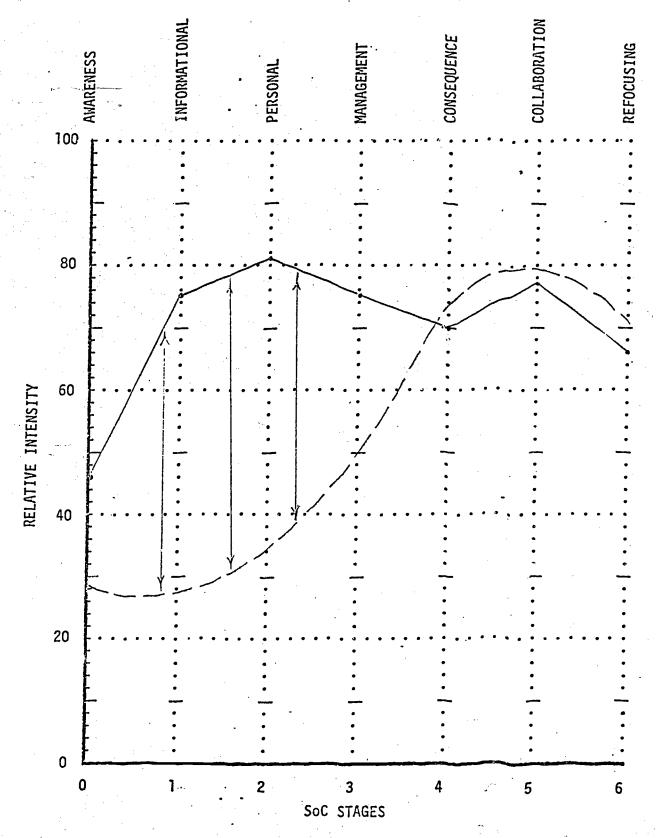


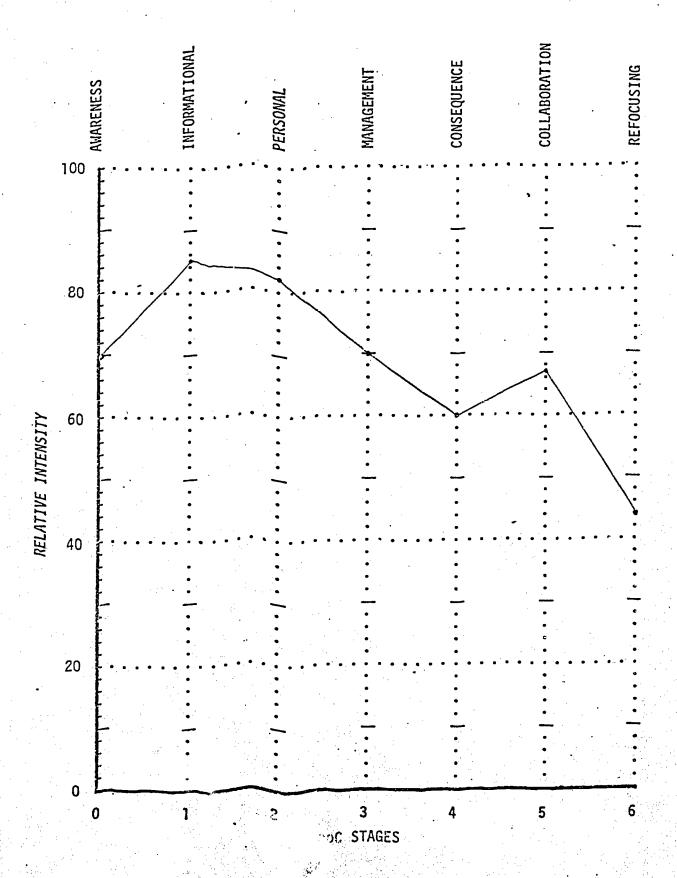


____ Prototypical for Experienced User

- Actual Findings







ATTACHMENT XIII

Professional Development Questionnaire



PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory
Division of Bilingual and International Education
211 East Seventh Street
Austin, Texas 78701

The responses from this questionnaire will be used to design inservice education for teachers, and will not be used to evaluate teacher knowledge, skills, or attitudes.

January 1979



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SCHOOL GRADE DISTRICT

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT QUESTIONNAIRE		_	· .	
Please circle the number that best indicates the extent to which you desire professional growth in each of the following items.	. D	ent	age extent	extent
1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION	not desired	little extent	an average	a great
I WOULD LIKE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT:	not	lit	to a	د کو
1.1 the philosophy and theory of bilingual education.	1	2	3	4
1.2 the theoretical foundations of second language learning and teaching.	1	2	3	.4
<pre>1.3 functions and patterns of language use (socio- linguistics).</pre>	1	2	3	4
1.4 the nature of language and of the acquisition process	. 1	2,	3	4
1.5 the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s).	1	2	3	4
1.6 the individualization of instruction for different language groups.	1	2	3.	4
1.7 the implementation of inquiry/discovery strategies for learning.	r 1	2	3	4
1.8 the setting up of learning centers.	. 1	2	3	4
2.0 PLANNING FOR INSTRUCTION				
I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW MORE ABOUT HOW TO:				
2.1 group children according to language classification.	1	2	3	4
2.2 schedule activities for different language groups.	1	2	3	£,
2.3 specify learning objectives.	1.	2	3	4
2.4 sequence learning activities.	1	2	3	4
2.5 select materials for instruction.	1	2	3	4
2.6 develop materials to teach Spanish language arts.	1	2	3	L
2.7 adapt materials to teach Spanish language arts.	1	2	3	4
2.8 develop materials to teach content areas, i.e., science math, social studies, in Spanish.	ce, 1	2	3	4
2.9 adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish.		2	3	4



3.0	-	RUCTION OF CONTENT AREAS ULD LIKE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT HOW TO: teach English as a second language.	H not desired	v little extent	ω to an average extent	רס a great extent
	3.2	teach Spanish as a second language.	1	2	3	4
	3.3	teach Spanish as a first language.	1	2	3	4
	3.4	teach English as a first language,	1	2	3,	4
	3.5	teach and integrate culture . The curriculum and in the classroom.	1	2	3	4
	3.6	teach science.	1	2	3	4
	3.7	teach math.	1	2	3 .	4
	3.8	teach health and physical education.	1	2	3	4
	3.9	teach reading.	1	2 %	3	4
	3.10	teach social studies.	1	2	3	4
	3.11	teach fine arts (art, music, etc.).	1	2	3	4
4.0	MANAC	GEMENT	•			
	I WOU	JLD LIKE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT HOW TO:				
	4.1	organize my material and resources.	1	2	3	4
	4.2	collaborate with other teachers, teacher assistants, and resource personnel to improve student achievement.	1.	2	3	4
	4.3	attend to individual student differences.	1	2	3	4
	4.4	attend to behavior problems in the classroom.	1	2	3	4
A _{ec} ·	4.5	use feedback and positive reinforcement with students.	1	2	3	4
	4.6	foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity.	1	2	3	4



				זנ	ge extent	extent
			red	extent	: average	
5.0	LING	UISTIC SKILLS	desired			great
		ULD LIKE TO DEVELOP FURTHER MY SPANISH LANGUAGE LS IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS:	not d	little	to an	to a
	5.1	the speaking and comprehension of Spanish.	1	2	3	4
	5.2	the teaching of Spanish language arts.	1	2	3	4
	5.3	the teaching of social studies in Spanish.	1	2	3 -	4
	5.4	the teaching of science in Spanish.	1	2	3	4
	5.5	the teaching of math in Spanish.	ĭ	2	3	4 .
	5.6	the teaching of health and physical education in Spanish.	1	. 2	3 .	4
	5.7	the teaching of the fine arts in Spanish.	1	2	3	4
6.0	CULT	URE			•	
	I WO	ULD LIKE TO LEARN MORE-ABOUT:				
	6.1	the nature and content of the culture of the language minority group.	1	2	3	4
	6.2	the history of the group's ancestry.	1	2	3	4
	6.3	the contributions of the group(s) to history and culture.	1	2	3	4
	6.4	the contemporary life style(s) of the group.	1	2	3	4
	6.5	the differences and similarities between cultures and the potential for conflict as well as opportunities they may create for children.	1	2	3	4
	6.6	how the effects of cultural and socioeconomic variables influence the students general level of development and socialization.	1	2	3	4
7.0	ASSES	SSMENT AND EVALUATION				
	I WOU	JLD LIKE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT HOW TO:				
	7.1	assess student's language dominance.	1	2	3	4
	7.2	assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content area.	1	2	3	4



Page	Four				extent	extent
			desired	le extent	an average	a great ex
		•	not 1	little	to â	to a
	7.3	diagnose language needs and prescribe instruction.	1	2	3	4
	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction.	1	2	3	4
	7.5	administer and interpret individual reading inventories (IRI) in Spanish.	1	2	3	4
	7.6	evaluate student learning progress.	1 .	2	3	4
	7.7	evaluate the appropriateness of materials for bilingual education.	1	2	3.	4
	7.8	evaluate the classroom learning environment.	1	2	-3	4
	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another.	1	2	3	4
	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language.	1	2	3	٠ 4
	7.11	assess learning capabilities of children (e.g., aptitude, cognitive development).	1	2	3	4
8.0	SCHOO	OL - COMMUNITY RELATIONS				
•	I WOU	ULD LIKE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT HOW TO:				
	8.1	incorporate community resources into the instructional programs.	1	2	3	4 .
	8.2	foster community participation in the schooling process.	1	2	3	4
	8.3	obtain more information on community cultural traits.	1	2	3	4
	8.4	involve parents as participants in the instructional process.	1	2	3	4
9.0 [OTHER					
						
		<u></u>				



ATTACHMENT XIV

Data Organized by Grade Level



Kindergarten Teachers (N=13)

(Rank Ordering of Highest Priority Items)

Rank <u>Order</u>	Average Response	Item Number	
1	(3.54)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
2	(3.38)	7.7	evaluate the appropriateness of materials for bilingual education
3	(3.31)	7.6	evaluate student learning progress
3 4	(3.31)	7.2	assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content area
5	(3.31)	2.9	adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
6	(3.31)	2.6	develop materials to teach Spanish language arts
6 7	(3.23)	1.3	functions and patterns of language use (socio- linguistics)
8	(3.23)	1.5	the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s)
9	(3.23)	2.7	adapt materials to teach Spanish language arts
10	(3.23)	2.8	develop materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
11	(3.23)	5.2	the teaching of Spanish language arts
12	(3.23)	7.1	assess student's language dominance
13	(3.23)	7.3	diagnose language needs and prescribe instruction



First Grade Teachers (N=12)

(Rank Ordering of Highest Priority Items)

Rank <u>Order</u>	Average Response	Item <u>Number</u>	
1	(3.58)	7.7	evaluate the appropriateness of materials for bilingual education
2	(3.50)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
3	(3.42)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
4	(3.36)	3.1	teach English as a second language
4 5 6 7 8 9	(3.33)	7.6	evaluate student learning progress
6	(3.27)	3.11	teach fine arts (art, music, etc.)
7	(3.27)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
8	(3,27)	2.2	schedule activities for different language groups
9	(3.25)	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction
10	(3.18)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom
11	(3.17)	7.3	diagnose language needs and prescribe instruction
12	(3.17)	1.5	the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s)



Second Grade Teachers (N=14)

Rank Order	Average Respon <u>s</u> e	.Item Number	•
1	(3.50)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
2	(3.43)	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language
3	(3.36)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
4	(3.31)	4.3	attend to individual student differences
5	(3.21)	8.4	involve parents as participants in the instructional
			process
. 6	(3.15)	1.7	the implementation of inquiry/discovery strategies for learning
7	(3.14)	2.6	develop materials to teach Spanish language arts
7 8 9	(3.14)	2.7	adapt materials to teach Spanish language arts
	(3.14)	3.9	teach reading
10	(3.14)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
11	(3.07)	2.2	schedule activities for different language groups
12	(3.07)	7.11	assess learning capabilities of children (e.g., aptitude, cognitive development)
13	(2.93)	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction
14	(2.93)	2.8	develop materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
15	(2.86)	2.9	adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
16	(2.86)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom
17	(2.86)	5.2	the teaching of Spanish language arts



Grades 3-5 Teachers (N=24)

Rank Order	Average <u>Response</u>	Item <u>Number</u>	
1 2	(3.29)	2.2	schedule activities for different language groups
2	(3.25)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
3	(3.13)	2.9	adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
4	(3.09)	2.8	develop materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
5	(3.09)	7.2	assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content area
· 6 7	(3. 0 5)	3.1	teach English as a second language
7	(3.04)	1.2	the theoretical foundations of second language learning and teaching
8 9	(3.04)	2.1	group children according to language classification
9	(3.00)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
10	(3.00)	3.9	teach reading
11	(3.00)	4.6	foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity
12	(2.96)	7.3	diagnose language needs and prescribe instruction
13	(2.96)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
14	(2.96)	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language
15	(2.92)	2.6	develop materials to teach Spanish language arts
16	(2.91)	2.7	adapt materials to teach Spanish language arts
17	(2.90)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom

Teachers with no experience (N=18)

(Rank Ordering of Highest Priority Items)

Rank Order	Average <u>Response</u>	Item <u>Number</u>	
7	(3.50)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
2 3	(3.39) (3.22)	7.6 4.6	evaluate student learning progress foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity
4 5	(3.22) (3.22)	1.4 1.5	the nature of language and of the acquisition process the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s)
6	(3.17)	1.7	the implementation of inquiry/discovery strategies for learning
7	(3.17)	8.4	involve parents as participants in the instructional process
8	(3.11)	8.2	foster community participation in the schooling process
9 10 11	(3.11) (3.11) (3.11)	4.4 4.5 2.9	attend to behavior problems in the classroom use feedback and positive reinforcement with students adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
12 13	(3.06) (3.06)	2.2 2.8	schedule activities for different language groups develop materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
14 15	(3.06) (3.06)	3.1 4.2	teach English as a second language collaborate with other teachers, teacher assistants, and resource personnel to improve student achievement
16 17	(3.06) (3.00)	4.3 3.9	attend to individual student differences teach reading
18	(3.00)	6.5	the differences and similarities between cultures and the potential for conflict as well as opportunities they may create for children
19	(3.00)	7.2	assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content areas
20	(3.00)	7.8	evaluate the classroom learning environment



Teachers with 1 year experience (N=12)

(Rank Ordering of Highest Priority Items)

Rank Order	Average <u>Response</u>	Item Number	
1 2	(3.50) (3.45)	2.2 7.2	schedule activities for different language groups assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content area
3	(3.27)	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction
4 5	(3.09)	7.6	evaluate student learning progress
5	(3.09)	4.6	foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity
6	(3.09)	6.5	the differences and similarities between cultures and the potential for conflict as well as opportunities they may create for children
7	(3.09)	6 . 6	how the effects of cultural and socioeconomic variables influence the students' general level of development and socialization
8	(3.09)	4.3	attend to individual student differences
9	(3.08)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
10	(3.08)		group children according to language classification
11	(3.03)	2.9	adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
12	(3.00)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom
13	(3.00)	4.1	organize my material and resources
14	(3.00)	4.4	attend to behavior problems in the classroom

Teachers with 2 years experience (N=11)

(Rank Ordering of Highest Priority Items)

Rank Order	Average Response	.Item Number	
	a e filt		
1	(3.64)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
2	(3.55)	2.2	schedule activities for different language groups
1 2 . 3 4 5	(3.55)	2.5	select materials for instruction
4	. (3.55)	4.3	attend to individual student differences
5	(3.55)	7.2	assess the student's educational needs in the subject/content area
6 7	(3.45)	5.1	the speaking and comprehension of Spanish
7	(3.45)	6.5	the differences and similarities between cultures and the potential for conflict as well as opportunities they may create for children
8	(3.45)	6.6	how the effects of cultural and socioeconomic variables influence the students' general level of development
9	(3.36)	1.6	<pre>and socialization the individualization of instruction for different language groups</pre>
10	(3.36)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom
11	(3.36)	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction
12	(3.36)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
13	(3.36)	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language
14	(3.30)	2.1	group children according to language classification
15	(3.30)	3 .9	teach reading



Teachers with 3 years experience (N=21)

Rank Order	Average . <u>Response</u>	Item <u>Number</u>	
7	(3.33)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
2	(3.24)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
3 4	(3.14) (3.10)	4.3 1.5	attend to individual student differences the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s)
5 6	(3.00) (3.00)	2.2 4.6	schedule activities for different language groups foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity
7	(3.00)	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language
8	(2.95)	8.4	involve parents as participants in the instructional process
9 10 11 12	(2.95) (2.95) (2.90) (2.90)	3.1 2.5 1.1 1.3	teach English as a second language select materials for instruction the philosophy and theory of bilingual education functions and patterns of language use (sociolinguistics)
13	(2.89)	1.7	the implementation of inquiry/discovery strategies for learning
14	(2.86)	1.2	the theoretical foundations of second language learning and teaching
15 16 17	(2.86) (2.85) (2.81)	2.7 7.6 2.9	adapt materials to teach Spanish language arts evaluate student learning progress adapt materials to teach content areas, i.e., science, math, social studies, in Spanish
18	(2.81)	3.5	teach and integrate culture in the curriculum and in the classroom
19	(2.81)	6.5	the differences and similarities between cultures and the potential for conflict as well as opportunities they may create for children
20	(2.80)	1.4	the nature of language and of the acquisition process

Teachers with 4 years experience (N=9)

Rank Order	Average Response	Item Number	
or der	Kesponse	Number	
1.	(3.75) (3.75) (3.75)	3.9	teach reading ·
2	(3.75)	4.4	attend to behavior problems in the classroom
3	(3.75)	6.6	how the effects of cultural and socioeconomic variables influence the students' general level of development and socialization
4	(3.67)	7.7	evaluate the appropriateness of materials for bilingual education.
5	(3.67)		involve parents as participants in the instructional process
6 7	(3.5 0) (3.44)	4.3 1.2	attend to individual student differences
			the theoretical foundations of second language learning and teaching
8 9 10	(3.44) (3.44) (3.33)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
9	(3.44)	7.3	diagnose language needs and prescribe instruction
			the individualization of instruction for different language groups
11	(3.33)	7.4	analyze and interpret miscues in reading and prescribe instruction
12	(3.33)	7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another

Teachers with 5 or 5+ Years Experience (N=32)

Rank Order	Average <u>Response</u>	Item <u>Number</u>	
1	(3.13)	1.6	the individualization of instruction for different language groups
2	(3.00)	4.3	attend to individual student differences
	(2.91)	1.2	the theoretical foundations of second language learning and teaching
4 5	(2.84)	7.7	evaluate the classroom learning environment
	(2.78)	1.5	the differences and similarities between the child's first and second language(s)
6 7	(2.78)	5.1	the speaking and comprehension of Spanish
7	(2.78)	6.6	how the effects of cultural and socioeconomic variables influence the students' general level of development and socialization
8	(2.77)	4.6	foster acceptance and appreciation of cultural diversity
8 9	(2.77)	1.8	the setting up of learning centers
10	(2.77)	2.5	select materials for instruction
11	(2.75)	. 7.9	determine when a child is ready to transfer from reading in one language to reading in another
12	(2.75)	7.10	determine when a child is ready to receive subject matter instruction in her/his second language
13	(2.72)	7.6	evaluate student learning progress
14	(2.72)	7.11	assess learning capabilities of children (e.g., aptitude, cognitive development)



FORT WORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Overall Group (N=104) Clusters of Highest Priority Items

Individualization of instruction	1.6, 4.3, 2.2
Appreciation of cultural diversity	4.6, 6.5
Evaluation of student's needs and academic progress	7.6, 7.2

FORT WORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Kindergarten Teachers (N=13) Clusters of Highest Priority Items

Individualization of Instruction	1.6
Assessment of Materials for Bilingual Education	7.7
Evaluation of Students' Needs and Academic Progress	7.6, 7.2
Development and Adaptation of Materials for Spanish Content Areas	2.6 - 2.9
Understanding, Assessing, Diagnosing, and responding to students' language needs	1.3, 1.5, 7.1, 7.3



FORT WORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT First Grade Teachers (N=12) Clusters of Highest Priority Items

Assessment of materials for bilingual education	7.7
Individualized instruction	1.6, 1.8
Reading	7.9, 7.4
Evaluate student academic progress	7.6
Knowledge of language instruction	3.1, 7.3, 1.5
Teach secondary content areas	3.11, 3.5
Organizational/management	2.2

FORT WORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Second Grade Teachers (N=14) Clusters of Highest Priority Items

Reading	7.9, 3.9
Assessment of linguistic competence in second language	7.10
Individualization of instruction	1.6, 4.3, 1.8
Community Involvement	8.4
Inquiry/discovery strategies	1.7
Development and adaptation of materials	2.6, 2.7

FORT WORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Grades 3-5 Teachers (N=24) Clusters of Highest Priority Items

Organizational/Management: Grouping and Planning for Instruction	2.2, 2.1
Development and Adaptation of Materials for Content Areas in Spanish	2.8, 2.9
Individualization of Instruction	1.6, 1.8
Assessment of Students's Educational Needs	7.2
Knowledge of Teaching English as a Second Language	3.1, 1.2



ATTACHMENT XV

Coding Instructions for Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire



ATTACHMENT XV

Coding Instructions for Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire

Columns

- TEACHER CODE last four digits of SS#. 0 - 4
 - 5 GRADE CURRENTLY TEACHING

6-6th 0-K 7-7th 1-1st 2-2nd 8-8th 9- Resource Teacher, or combined grades 3-3rd

4-4th

5-5th

AMOUNT OF EXPERIENCE 6

> 5-5 yrs or more 0-never

1-1 yr

2-2 yrs

3-3 yrs

4-4 yrs

- (any other information which may be used for sorting purposes) 7-12
- NUMBER OF ACTIVITY SEGMENTS, i.e., number of repeated 15 column 14-15 blocks starting at column 16 (a right justified integer).

ACTIVITY CODE 16-17

1 - Spanish as a First Language Spanish ' 2 - Spanish as a Second Language Language

3 - Spanish Reading Arts

4 - Writing/Spelling in Spanish

5 - Other 1

6 - English as a First Language English. 7 - English as a Second Language Language 8 - Reading in English Arts

9 - Writing/Spelling in English

10 - Other 2

11 - Science Major 12 - Mathematics Content 13- Social Studies Areas 14 - Other 3

15 - Music Minor 16 - Art Content

17 - Physical Education Areas

18 - Other 4



Columns

18 CATEGORY CODE

- 1 Spanish Language Arts
- 2 English Language Arts
- 3 Major Content Areas
- 4 Minor Content Areas
- 19-21 TIME ALLOTMENTS right justified integer in min./day; for noncontinuous activities, determine average daily time allotment in min./day.

21-27 LANGUAGE CATEGORIES

22 - BB "0" NO 23 - BE "1" YES 24 - BS 25 - ME 26 - MS

28 INSTRUCTOR

27 - LL

- 1 Teacher
- 2 Team Teacher
- 3 Resource Teacher
- 4 Teacher Aide
- 5 Other

29 LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION

- 1 Primary English
- 2 Primary Spanish
- 3 Alternating use of both
- 4 Code Switching

30 LANGUAGE OF MATERIALS

- 1 English
- 2 Spanish
- 3 Both
- 4 No Materials

(REPEAT COLUMNS 16-30 as many times as necessary to record each activity listed on Bilingual Classroom Questionnaire; continue on additional cards if necessary, skipping first 15 columns. The number of repeated blocks is the number of "activity segments" entered in columns 14-15.)



ATTACHMENT XVI

BCQERR and BCQTAB Programs Deck Structures



ATTACHMENT XVI

Deck Structure for BCQTAB:

- (1) printing request card: Col. 1: printing of individual (summed) activities occur if a zero appears and is suppressed if any other integer appears;
 - Col. 2: printing of activities summed over a classroom (individual teacher summaries) occurs if a zero appears and is suppressed if any other integer appears
- (2) title card: echo printed at the top of the general definition page
- (3) data cards: any number of cards occurring in blocks by teacher number and organized within a block by serial position of activity
- (4) end card: last card consisting of a '99' appearing in cols. 14-15

Deck Structure for BCQERR:

- (1) title card: echo printed as the first output line
- (2) data cards: as specified above
- (3) end card: as specified above

Usage procedure:

- (1) get printout of data cards and check the following
 - (a) order by blocks of teachers
 - (b) order within blocks by serial position of activity number,
 - (c) number of activities corresponds to number specified on first card for each teacher
- (2) run deck on BCQERR correcting any errors indicated
- (3) run deck on BCQTAB after placing printing request card on top



ATTACHMENT XVII
BCQERR Program



ATTACHMENT XVII

ERIC

SUBROUTINE ADDRY (ISUMRY, [ACTRY, NODIM)

DIMENSION ISUMRY (1), TACTRY (1)

I |SUMRY(I) = ISUMRY(I) + IACTRY(I)

00 1 1=1, NODIM

RETURN END

122

re turn End

SUBROUTINE INZERO (IRY, NODIN)
DIMENSION (RY (I)
DO | I=1, NODIN
I TRY(I) = 0

123

```
SORY TOTTER LERER OF TRANSPORTER OF TRANSPORTER OF THE PARTY. Include,
                                                                                 Trase, Tikini
           DIRECTOR IRACH (6), IRANG (6), IPERSP (6), 125326 (6)
           LA 1.10 = 0
           1117 = 5
           17839 = 6
           TIRE! = U
         Tallight = 0
           Intlen = b
           L:36 " = 0
           1,337,4 - 9
           Der 7 1- 15 6
           L ( A & Late Loss)
   1 [474.31] = 1
           12.0 (1) 4 .
           61 10 1
     (I) RASE \ \( \( \text{Log} \) \( \te
           19点域11 = 100 - 19部以[1]
        Tall 1 = 1 all 1 + 1
           TALLSP = INCLOSE + [PEASPLI)
            Tallon = Tilen + Dent (1)
           Go TO (1,1,5,1,5,3), 1
    6 LEVANE = LESASE + IPANS2(1)
           LUSTER = LUSAUN + IPURE VIII
           LENGTH = L-SAR + 1
   7 CONTINUE
           IF ( [ALL to ] 10, 15, 10)
10 IMMSP = INLLSP / INLLW:
            INVEST = INLLER / IALLAS
            IF (LESSAN) 13,15,13
18 TIKSP = LEGASP / LESAGO
            TIRE! = LESAID! / LESAID
15 CUATINUS
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Attachment XVII, p. 3

E 311

South (1 to 2000) (1889), Inv. 17(4), 20 (4), D1 20 20 20 20 1882 (4), 138 (4), 138 (4), 4 (

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SUPREMITAL PRIMOT (MAMA NE)
     CONTRACT (SACTORS), IDALTHORSE, ELACTORS, CANCELOGO, CO
            L ACT (9), EMACTE (6), EDACT (6), EMACTE (6), ETACT,
            - lead (30%);
            TIPESHO, TOLARDY INTOIN AUGUS
  STATEMENTAL OF VALUE OF ARRAY CONTAINED STREET CONTAINED
     "This has I wond (I I I)
    DATA THEORY / CRAILSH AS A FLOOR LANGUAGE WELFTON AS A CONTROL OF
    #BASEABACIA, IN SPANISH WAITING/ SPANISH OF SPANISH OF R
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    11.
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    WESTSTEEL PRODUCTION
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256: Acres 1 (151 //T3, *) BACHER ID BUSINER = ', In, Il Co, ', Id/)
2001 Formation, April ACTIVITY: ", TAK, TAT, "Tile allocation to this, to be
              1 12/36/11
2003 Farmat (13, Las(***),/,
             - | 3, 181, T30, 181, T60, 181, T100, 181, T132, 181,/,
             To, 191, TII, 'PALMARY INSTRUCTION: 1, T36, 141, 140,
   4:
             - LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: , Tob, 'F', T/o,
             - *La BBBAGE OF HATERIALS: *,F100,***,F100,
             "LEANSUAGE GRUUPS INSTRUCTED: ',TIBE, '*',/,
             T3, 141, 130, 141, T68, 141, T100, 141, T113, 1PAR TGIPATION 41/
             To, 141, T19, 1MIN/DAY PERCENT #1, Toz, 1813/JAY PERCENT #1,
             Tos, "TINYONY PERCENT *1, F107, 1814/ AY1, Fixt, 18385 1911,
    į,
             1132, 121,1/2
             73, 101, T36, 101, Tc8, 101, T100, 101, (137, 141)
200) FORMAT (FB, 1*1, TEACHER1, T21, IB, F30, FB, F36, 1* PX FBARILY ENG - 1)
         I3, Tok, 10, 168, ** EMGLISH*, F85, 13, T94, 13, Tlou, ** 36*, F100,
             [13,71222,15,7132,<sup>14,8</sup>]
2010 FORMAT (15, 14 TEAM TESCHER!, TZ1, 13, T30, 15, 136, 14 PXITAXILY SEATE,
             T54, 13, T62, 13, T60, ** SPANISH , T +5, 13, 13, 13, T130, ** 181,
             7109, [5,7123, [3,7132, ***]
2011 FURNAT (f3, ** KESCURCE*, T21, I5, T50, I3, T36, ** TLTER MATINE*, FER, 13,
             Tox, 10, Toe, ** SATH: , TOS, 13, TO4, 15, [100, ** DS*, [100, 15,
 . .
            -7123,13,7132,441
   Ţ,C
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2012 Files F (19,1* 1642.83 Aldet, [21,15,15], 19,56,1* . D. Mir A 2001,
                                                                                    Attachment XVII, p. 6
          The Board to Tour British 18 Mr. Cafettlans - 1, 13, 190, 10, 1200;
              11 gt, 1200, 12, Time, 10, Tide, 141)
2013 FOR MAI (10, ** 1700R*, 721, 13, 150, 10, 136, 14*, 708, 14*, 71 0, 18 0 1,
              71(3,13,7123,13,7138,134)
2014 FURGAT (To, ***, TBe, ***, T68, ***, T100, ** LL*, T100, to, T100, T3, T100,
2015 FURNAT (15,15)((##!))
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     WAITE (3,2003)
     W([[H (3,2003] [3&07(]), ISACT1(]), LIACA(]), LIACA(]),
                     LMACF(1), LMACT1(1), LSACT(1), LSACF1(1)
     W(II+ (3, 2010) ISACI(2), ISACII(2), LIAST(3), LIAST(3),
                     LMACT(Z), LMACTI(Z), LSACT(Z), LSACT(Z)
     WELTER (3,2011) ISAST(5), ISASTI(3), LIACT(3), LIACT(10),
                     LNACT(3), LMAUTI(3), LSAUT(3), LSAUTI(3)
     WRITE (3.2012) ISACT(*), ISACT1(4), LIACT(*), LIACT1(4),
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LUMACT(4), LAACTI(4), LSNOT(4), LSNOTI(4)

Mailie (3,2013) 10ACT(5), 15.CT1(5), 23aCr(5), 65aCll(5)

WAITE (3,2014) LSAUT(e), ESACTL(6)

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WRITE (3,2015)

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                           1 pol (4), Labout (4), ESLOS (5), Carbar (1), 11665,
                            1.16 (a), 131. 1 (b), 11163 (4), 111631 (a),
                            1.... (1), _ Lot (4), Lato 1 (1), 13to 1 (1), 17to 9
                           4.51.65 1.45
                           L. A. (a), Land (b), & May (b), L. M.S. (b), L. W.H. (b),
                           2 1 12 (a), as 30 (b), 1 186 (b), 40 281 (b), 25 50 c (b),
                           2. 10 1 (1) 18 16 (2), 2000 (0), 10005 (1), 2. 1001 (1),
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3551 F A A (15, 1051, 16, 17) 468 SE LIMBURGE 1875:1)
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3003 Fort AT (13,141, 120, 15-241501, 733, 1243L [SN], 140, 141,
                                             Tob, topanish, TYD, tenguish, TYD, 141,
                                             7136, 1820 41361, T121, LNSt 137, T132, 131, /,
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                             T3, "v', Y29, "Land ARIS: ", T34, "Earld outs: ", Tab, "at,
                                             Tea, thing arts: ', Tro, this erto: ', 159, ix',
                                             T100, 11406 ARTS: 1, 1120, 1140 4818: 1, T1 11, 181, /,
                             T3, 141, 140, 181, T33, 181, T132, 181, /
                             10, 141, 119, 1464/ Delice 1, 134, 134/ More 1, 140, 141,
                                             154, 1.1m/ 22d-1, 1/3, 1.13/ 22(-1, 10), 121,
                                             T105, THIN/ PER-1, T120, TATM/ PER-1, TAIL, TAIL,
                             75, 604, 619, 633Y - $$\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2
                                            Ton, toay CONT, TIO, ON SERT, 189, 189,
                                            Tido, 10AY Court, Ti20, 10AY CEMIT, Tibe, 141, /.
                             73, 141, T40, 141, T89, 141, 7132, 141)
3012 Fixen (17) + * Trho. 2. 1, 119, 13, 72, 13, 73, 13, 140, 10, 746,
                                    14 Callante 1 846 . To4, 13, 173, 10, 775, (2, 134, 13, 15)
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                  14 ALTONALINA , TAMO, TO, Frequency (100, 100, T. 101, TES,
                 18 auto +Theographillouseti Serbertizograpita-2,101)
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                 14 005 ShifeHiart, Tong Byiro, Lighto, Parkaraging
                 18 and water of the State to propriet the confirmation of the said of the Confirmation
1.1, [0], (21, [13., 131]
3610 For 121 (1 , 100 (101),/,
              12, 12, 17, 1821, Tille, 101, 17,
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                  141, Toz, LANGUISE 6 COURS I IST COLIECT (2 CT .):1. (1) 3
                  141,/,
              73, 144, 100, 141, 1230, 141)
3022 FORMAT (TD, "*", TIZ, "Trantsh LAWONASE ARTS: ", TAZ,
                          MARGEISH LAUBURGE ANTS: 1, You, 1, 1, 1132, 181, /,
            The The Taranta Tong to Tell of Tell Avanuage PARTICIPATION TILL of
                                   TAVERAGE PARTICIPATION, Flow, 181)
3024 Fox: in (fo, tar, Ta, twint) PARTIGIPATION PERCENT, Fire,
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                  11109 17 MODERT OF LAND ANTS 1, TLSE, 141, 17
              To, 181, 19, 101Y OF LAND ARTS DEVITED , The,
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                      TAU, THE ENGLISH LAWS ARTS , TO ,
                 181,787, 1LANG BRTS1,
                      T1:0, Lm46 aRTs , T132, 141)
DOZY FORMAT (To, 1#1, Tuo, 1# AVGRATA ROKOSSI, TERL, 1#1)
3025 FORMAT (T3, ** 38', (16, 13, 12), 13, 180, 15, 15, 15, 160,
                - 18 ML LAID GREGPS + , 196, 13, 1111, (5, (10., 141)
1000 Faker (10,14 act, 110,13, 120, 10, 140, 13, Ting to, Tong
                - 12 / (26. 3: (TEP) TERM 141)
3030 Filiant (10,14 ...), 110, 13, 120, 10, 140, [3, 10), [6, 10), [6, 10)
3031 FORMAL (To, ** 2014, TLD, 13, 125, 15, 140, 15, 154, 15, 166,
            The sylmal admissi, fizz, 181)
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3032 FORMAT (T3, * hS', T10, 13, T25, 13, T40, 13, T54, 13, T83,
                 1# EESA LAIS GROUPS 1, Tyo, 13, Til9, 15, 1132, 1#1)
3033 FORMAT (TA, '* (L')TID, 13, T25, 13, T40, 13, T0 (, 13, T00,
                 「* REPRESE (TEO!, T132, 14!)
3034 FORMAT (75,141,736,141,7132,141,7,73,130(141))
#100 FORMAT (16.1 //fb, Transmir 10 august = 1,14, Fili, 12.06 1,14)
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                     Tal, III SPANISH',
                     Tile, "14 ENGLISH", 1132, 141, /,
           Ti, *** *1.158 * * AVEXAGE ACROSS* **1132 ****)
5024 FORMAR (TO, ***, TIO, MIN/ PARTICIPATION DEROBATION
                    TAG, TABLE PARTICIPATION PERSONS AT
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                     TILLO, 12 EMCERT OF RINOR', TILE, 141,/,
             To. 141, T10, "DAY OF MINOR CONTENT MARAS!,
                    TAG, DAY OF MINDA CONTENT WALLS #1,
                    TOT, CONTENT AREAS TAUGHT,
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                    TET, PERCENT OF ALL!,
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   WAIT? ( 13001)
   WATTE (3,3002)
   WRITE (3, 3003)
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   WATT (5,5000)
   WAITE (3,3012) ISLOS(1), ISLOSI(1), ISLO ((1), ISLO-1(1),
                   LIES(1), LIESL(1), LILLE(1), LILLE(1),
                   LAMBOS(1), LAMBOS1(1), LAMBOS(1), contochti)
   MAITS (2,2010) ISLOS(0), TSLOS(0), ISLOS(0), LOLDOS(0),
                   Lines(2), 111081(2), Lines(3), Lines(3),
                   13208(2), LMC(31(2), LMC(3), C (2), C (2021(2)
   WRITE (3,5,14) ISLUS(3), ISLUSI(5), ISLUE(3), ISLUEL(5),
                   LILUS(8), [1]US1(8), LILUS(3), LILUF1(3),
                   TALCS(3), LMLCS1(3), LMLCL(3), LMLC-1(3)
   WRIT: (3, 3, 15) -18105(4), [StCS1(4), IStCd(4), IStCd(4),
                   LILUS(4), LILUS1(4), LILUS(4), LILUE1(4),
                   Lalus(a), Lalusi(A), Lalue(A), Laluello)
  WRIT. (3,3016) TULCS()), ISLUL(5), ISLUE(5), ISLUE1(5)
   WRITE (3,3003)
   WRITE (3,3018)
   MalT3 (3,5022)
   Will's (3,31,29)
   WITE (3,307)
  WRITE (3,2020) LOUGS(1), LOUGSI(1), LSLO2(1), LSLO21(1), LONGO, ISSLO
   WRITE (3/3-29) LSLUS(2), LSLC51(2), LSLCE(2), LSLCE1(2)
   WRIT- (3,5050) LSLC3(3), LSLCS1(3), LSLCs(3), LSLCF1(3)-
  WRITE (3,3031) LGLGS(4), LSLGS1(4), LSLGE(4), LSLGE1(4)
   WRITE (3,3032) ESECS()), LSECSI(5), ESECS(5), ESECS(1), ERECS, ITALO
   WRITE (3,3)#3} LSEUS(5), LSECS1(5), LSECS(6), LSECS1(6)
  WKITE (3,5034)
PHUSHAN SUBMERT FOR PRINTING DATA FROM CLASSAGOM OMITS: MAJOR CORE
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· IPAGE = (ROAL + 1
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- WRITE COMPANY
  Walter (State)
 W. [h. (3, 10/2)
  WILT: (3,4 12)
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WKITE (3,4026)
                                                                                Attachment XVII, p. 11
   WAITE (3, 3699) ESPON(1), ESPOSI(1), ESPOE(1), ESPOE(11), in Pos, In Pos
   WRITE (3, / 89) LSPON(4),LSPOSI(2),LSPOE(2),LSPOEI(2)
   Mair- (3, 200.) L3909(0), L5908(3), L5908(3), L5906(1)
   While (0,0,51) L3Pox(0),LSPCS1(4),LSPCS(6),L3PCR1(6)
   WAITE (3,00307 13208()), LSPCS1(3), LSPCE()), LSPCE(10), 118Pc0, 118Pc0
   WARTE (0, 1008) LERON(5), LERONI(5), LERONI(5), LERONI(1)
   #317 (3, 335)
PROGRAM SERVED FOR PRINTING DATA SHOW CERCOL TO A JULY TEACHER
   WRITE (Syncol)
   Walte (6,3018)
   WALTE (3,4022)
   WATER (5,5024)
   WRITE (3,4326)
  WRITE (3,3020) ESSEM(1), ESSEST(1), ESSE (1), ESSELT(1), 1 84808, 1 amount
  WASTE (3,50%) LSSSW(2), LSSCSI(2), LSSCE(3), LSSCEI(3)
  While (3,2030) LSSCW(3),LSSCS1(3),LSSCC(5),LSSCE(3)
  Maire (3,5031) LSSCW(4), LSSCS1(4), LSSCA(4), LSSCEL(4)
  WRIT: (3,2032) LSSSW(b), LSSCSI(6), LSSCF(5), LSSCEI(5), (78308, 17830)
  WOLTE (3, 633) LaSON(5), LaSO (10), LSSUE(5), LSSUE(1)
   WAITE (Sylvala)
PROGRAM SEGRENT FOR PRINCIPE DATA FROM CLASSRADM SHITS: COMBINGS SEC
  WRITE (1,4351)
  WRITE (Sepold)
 . WRITE (3,4022)
  WKITE (5,6024)
  WRITE (3,4026)
  WAITE (3,3020) LSCCW(1), LSCCS1(1), LSCC2(1), LSCC21(1), IMMCCS, 10,000
  WRITE (3,3929) LSCOM(2),LSCOSI(2),LSCOS(2),LSCOSI(2)
  WRITE (3,0081) LSCCW(4), LSCCS1(4), LSCCE(4), LSCCCI(4)
  Ww(TH (3,5032) LSCCM(5), LSCCS1(5), LSCCL(5), LSCCE1(5), ITACCS, ITACCS.
  WRITE (5,0033) LSCCW(0), LSCCSI(3), LSCCE(0), LSCCEI(0)
  VRITE (3,5034)
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            17, FSPANISH AS A FIRST LANGUAGE , FAI, Ten Shillin AS A FINIT H
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   *UAGE!, T35, "E.IGLISH AS A SECOND LAMBDAGE!, T70, "GATOLMATICS!, T102, to
   *ARTMITY, TREADING IN SPANISH , TRO, TREADING TO GROUD SET, 170, LOCATED R
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   **, [39, WMITIMS/SPELLING IN EMBLISH', TYO, TOTHER MADER OF IT HE BREAK
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   #TS!,TE9, LOTHER FROLIGH LANGUAGE ARTS!)
1503 FURNAT (TU, 13. LANGUAGE GROUP AUBREVIATIONS:',////,
             TWY, IND = BALANCED BILIMGHAL!,/,
            147, TUL = PARTIAL BILINGUAL/EduLISH COMICA IT 1/1
            Ta7, 100 = PARTIAL BILLYGUAL/SPANISH LUMISHANT 1/9
            147, 1 it = 10 to LINGUAL ENGLISH 1/1
            747, 785 = alduLINGUAL 52AaISB1,/,
            TAT, LL = LIMITED ENGLISH/LIMITED GRANTSHI
1504 FURNAT (To: 14. LISA LANGUAGE GROUPS CONSIST on 65, 55, 800 to 570
 *0007557
1510 Fuk!Al (/////)
    Ran (9, Cod) lillin
```

READ AND MRITE VILLATED THE TITLE (SECOND) LEAD AND ZRINT TITLE PASS

W.(I): (3,190a) 1117L: WELLS (2)(2)(1) Wallia (3,2009) WRITE (3,1310)

WRITE (3,1501)
WRITE (3,1502)
WRITE (3,1502)
WRITE (3,1503)
WRITE (3,1503)
WRITE (3,1504)
WRITE (3,1510)
RRITE (3,1510)
RRITE (3,1510)

```
Salding His House I
    Burney Cont Conty
       21.0 (a), ESEASI (b), ESEASI (b), ESEASI (b),
            the (a), copast (e), thenet (a), then tol,
           (1.578) (9), ESSASI (6), ESSAEI (6), ESSAR. (6),
          S.E. 6313 (0), E36451 (0), E36461 (0), E36481 (0),
            Indias, Indias, Immas, I Make,
            Ifrias, Ifriat, ITAP II, The No.
            Thurs, INSAR, Dates, Landal,
            flacets, 1738A:, IfRONG, ITAGAS,
   ...
            The op Thealer Hilling and Wil
 Findads USec for Addad NATA FOR CommarSING Address Alt Classables
7000 Forest (1. i //fills,*245c *, [6]
7001 FORMAT (1), COLLARSING ACRESS AND CLASSROOMS DESCRIPTED (8 =1,13,
             1):1)
7002 Format (foglas/!#!),/v
            73, 181, TSU, 181, T132, 181,/,
            - Yo, '*', Tel, 'LawSuase GROUPS INSTRUCTED IN', Tob,
               TATATUS, LANGRAGE GROUPS INSTRUCTED Lataflas, [41]
7005 Fudgar (fs,'*',T29,'LaNGDAGE ARTS:',Tas,
                *#*;T91,* 0302 CDDTF9T (REAS:*,T132,*#*)
7006 Fideat (To, 181, Tod, 181, 1132, 181, /,
            To, !*!, [30, Lavenase PaktiGIPATion!,
                    TAD, TAVERAGE PARTICIPATION, 160, 181,
                    Too, TWERAGE PARTICIPATION,
                    Till, Frylkage Participation, Tibe, this,
           TE, 181, TEO, 12 ACENT PER CLASSING T,
                    PROS, PLACENT PER CLASSING 1, 156, 141,
                    Tob, Pendent Ped CLASSHORTLY
                    Tilo, Trakeni riak olasusi hat, Tibi, tem
7009-FOLS AT (TS, 181, TED) OF LAND ARTS DEVITED!,
                    TAD, IF LAND ARTS DEVETTED!, TOR, TRI,
                    Tob, "OF Talak Conf. IT Addas!,
                    TILD, UF FAJOR CONTENT AREAS!, (192, 141)
701: FORMAT (TS, 1#1, 1.0, 1T) SPANISH LAUS ARTS1,
                    Jan, II) AGLISH Laws as Taly hear the
                Tob, Tabbill In SPARISH!,
                    TIES, TANGHT IN AUGUISM, FUSE, 181)
7011 FORMAT (13, 141, Tou, 141, (152, 141,/,
           - ( ), 1 # + , [ do , 1 # + , [ 1 oz , 1 # + )
7013 FURMAT (75,1%), [11,155], Te9,13,754,13,155,187,576,
```

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```
- 1851, T94, I3, T119, I3, T132, 1#1)
7014 FORMAY (To, '**, T11, '38', T29, 15, T04, 18, T04, '*', 170,
                           166, 704, 13, 7110, [5, 710], (44)
7613 Faithar (10, 141, 111, 1201, 127, 13, 150, 12, 131, 141, 17),
                           1. 7, 794, [1, 7110, [3, 7112, 441]
7010 FORMIT (Fog this fill, included a fog Todg Is, Folgathing Flog
                           1 ( 19134, 13, 111), [3, 113, 3, 4, 4]
7011 Forth (1. 19 141, 1. 19 1 31, T29, 13, 1 10, 13, 13), 141, 170,
                           1781, [34, 15, [113, [m, [1, , , two]
7013 Frank (1., 181, 111, 111, 111, 161, 15, 164, 13, 17, 17, 141, 17,
                           1261, [34, [5, [11], [3, [45, 4]*]]
7021 From 1 (7., 14 Walks - March 19 10 19 141 , 17 19 18 19 141 , 18
AREA FORTO 1 (T), 14 TEL GARAS WAS USON TENNISOT NO LESS FORS
                 14 TEL CARD TRANSPORTING TO TELES TEN , 181, /,
        To, 14 KUMARDATECT, NO., 14 KIPAPETATEM, TROP, 1411
7024 FORMAT (13, 181, 160, 181, 1132, 101)
7020 Fall of the the Ellin Late and 251, 177, 19, 19, 11, 1, 1, 3,
                 - 14 Line Lago - Salibert, 194, 13, Tile, 13, Tile, 14, 14, 14, 14, 1
             - 157 /# (近28:55): (17:51-51-53) /# ((在28:50-17:52) (11:52) (11:52)
TEBS FRAME E COSTSTATISTICS, TREES, COST, IT AREAS: 1, TAS, 181,
                      TOB, TALL CUNTERF SKEAS: 1, Time, 1441
TOBER MICHT (TO, 101, TRO, 100) Jake Content AREADI,
                      Top, the almost confirst many , in a tot,
                      Top, *OF ALL CONTENT AREAS*,
                       Filly, "GF ALL CONTINI AKEAS!, Harry ! # 1,/,
              To, W, Tab, Tabil It Spailsit,
                      TAD, TAUGHT IN ENGLISH, The, TAT,
                      Too, Maddill In SPA ii Sitt.
                      THE OF THUSHING PROBLEM TILE, 1911
70ol FERRAT (1.5.13%(1#4))
--PROGNA-SEGMENT-ER-PRINTIES CATA COLEAPSED OMER ALE CLASSRONGS
     TP_{min} = 12.00 \text{ m} + 1
    Wall (3, 100%) 1240 10
    WallE (3,7601) ISLNIC
    Walle (Special)
    Wall's (5,1 as)
    Wall's (5,700)
    W.J.F. (5.700)
    W. J. To (3, 10 (1))
    W. [[ ( 5, 7) t])
```

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```
Walte to, 6.13) Louds: (1), Loug-1(1), Lb2 ... 1(1), Lb2 ... 1(1)
WRITE (3,7014) ESCASI(2), ESCACI(2), ESPASI(X), ESPACI(E)
WRITE (5,7015) ESEASI(3), ESEABI(3), ESPASI(5), ESPAGI(5)
WRITE (3,7 16) LSEASI(4), LSEAEI(4), LSFASI(4), LSPAEI(4).
WRITE (3,7 17) Lamasi()), Latach(5), LSPASI()), Larach(5)
WAITE (5,7018) LSLASI(5), LSLALI(5), LSPASI(5), LSPALI(6)
WRITE (8,7911)
WRITE (3,.021)
WHITE (3,7092) ICALAS, ICHAE, IN MAS, IAMA:
MRITE (3,70%4)
WRITE (2,7921)
WRITE (J, 1922) ITALAS, iTRLAS, iTAPAS, ITAPAL
始。[[日子57][2]
WRITE (SALLE)
WRITE (3,7,000)
WATE (3,70%)
WRITE (5, /oub)
WRIT. (3,7038)
Walf (3,7511)
WRITE (3,7013) ESSASI(1), LSSA6I(1), LSCASI(1), ESCAFI(1)
WRITE (3,7014) LSSaUL(2), LSSAE1(2), LSCAUL(2), LSCAUL(2)
WRITE (3,7015) LSSAS1(3), LSSAEL(3), LSCAS1(3), LSCAE1(3)
WRITE (3,7016) LSSAS1(4),LSSAE1(4),LSCAS1(4),LSCAL1(4)
WRITE (3,7017) LSSAS((5),LSSAE1(5),LSCAS1(5),LSCAL1(5)
WAITE (3,7018) LSSASI(b), LSSAFI(5), LSCASI(C), LSCASI(6)
WRITE (3,7011)
WRITE (3,73_1)
WRITE (3, 7020) IN WEAS, INNEAE, IMNUAS, IMNUAE
WKITE (3,7024)
Walte (3,7021)
WRITE (3,7020) ITRSAS, ITRSAE, ITRCAS, ITRCAS
WATTE (3, 1024)
Walte (J, 1911)
Walle (3,7001)
3-70.04
End
```

I) i

THIS PROBABLA MALYZES DATA PUNCHED FROM THE BILLINGUAL GLASSRUOM GOESTIEWN GREE IT ASSUBES THE DATA CARDS HIVE BEEN VERIFIED BY THE PROGRAM DOCTOR, AND ITCHAPENTS THE FULLDWING MAGN STURGIGNES

(1) Pil Maringer West Chau:

- (A) OF L T: PAINTING OF INDIVIDUAL (SCASE) ACTIVITIES COLORS IF A LUAU APPEARS AND IN FLOPRISHED THE ATT OF AN INTERLA APPEARS
- 131 Course PRESTOR OF THE INDUAL TEACH & SERVICES COLORS In A ZERU APPEARU AND IS STRATSUED IF ANY ORIGIN THIRD APPEND
- (2) TITLE SAGE LORD PAIRTYS AT THE RESERVANTE COMME
- (B) FATA CARES: ANY READER CLUCKLE BY TEACHER WES PROMVIZED FILLE. CLOCKS BY SERIAL PUSITION & SCHIVITY
- (4) THE CARL LAST CARL CONTAINING A 1001 IN COLS 16-15

FURMATS USED TO READ FIRST CARD FUR PRINTING REQUESTS (OF MC) AS IS ARRAY VOLUES) AND TO READ DATA FROM CARDS INTO MAT ARRAY

1805 FIRM (II) II) 1005 FOR GAT (IA, TLA, 12, 5(12,11,13,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11)) 1037 FREMAY (fib, 4(12,11,10,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11))

DECLARF ALL ACT MRRAYS AND VARIABLES IN CORROLL COME. REPERENCED BY PRIACT FOR PRINTING! FOTAL LUCATIONS = 37

COMMON ISACT (b), ISACTI (b), LIACT (4), LIACTI (4), LMACT (4), EMACTI (4), ESACT (6), ESACTI (6), ITAUT

DECLARE ALL C (CLASS) ARRAYS AND VARIABLES IN COMMON (THOSE REFERENCE ! BY PRICLA FOR PRINTING! TOTAL LOCATION = 190

COMMON ISLES (a), ISLEST (a), LILES (4), LILEST (4), RHADS (4), LMLOST (6), ESEOS (6), ESEOSI (6), ITEOS, ISLOS (9), ISLOET (5), LILCE (4), LILCET (4),

LALCE (4), LALCET (4), LSLCE (5), LSLCET (c), ITLCE, 4:

÷ USLOOM (6), 7

13700 (6), 15004 (6), 15002 (6), 130031 (6), 150031 (7),

DECLARE ALL ATTALL OR TOTAL) ARRIVES AND VARIABLES AND ARRIVED ARRIVED FOR PRINTING.
TOTAL LOCATIONS - 112

```
# LSPAS (a), ESPASI (a), ESPASI (a), ESPASIS (a), ESPASIS
```

DECLARE MISCELLAMEDUS VARIABLES USID IN PRIMITES RESTINCTS IN COMPUT TOTAL LUCATIONS = 4

CLASIN IPAGGO, ICLASO, IDTCH, MIACT

DIMENSION BY THY ARRAYS AND ESTABLISH EQUIVALENCE TO BE USED TO INITIALIZE ACT, C, AND A ARRAYS TO ZERO

```
DIMENSIDE FACTRY (39), ICLARY (190), ITOTRY (110)

# (15ECS(1), ICLARY(1)),

# (4SEAS(1), ITOTRY(1))

DATA HACTRY, MULARY, MOTRY /39, 190, 110/
```

DIMENSION MAY ARRAY TO HOLD DATA FOR A CLASSROOM UNIT

Din EMS 16 1 ch T (40, 12)

PRESET ALL TURISTANTS -

```
DATA LAST (), ITUBAL /99, 99/,
1500, LING, LETT, LSNG /5, 4, 4, 6/,
AACARD, MACART, MACART /4, 18, 40/,
```

```
# MATACI, MATCAT, MATTIM, MATAC, MATBE, MATCA, MATC
```

READ FIRST CAME FOR FLAS LADICATING UNERWAY OR ACT PRINTED COLORS AND COLORS AND COLORS AND PROPERTY OF SECURIOR CALL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF SECURIOR CALL SECTION VITALITY OF THE PROPERTY OF SECURIOR CALL SECTION VITALITY.

Harry (0,1 to) tableaty 1994) Call Partit

YARRA TEN MAN ENLYTRINA HAR KYARA C MAY

CALL 1928 (1908), NOTAY) TASTNO = ANAST 1 00 2 1=1, Pathon

Die 2 J=1, na York

2 环环(1,1) - 0

Read The Fitter Code For A CLASSRUM ONLY, Cd 2018. To the off of Annual USTO, And the United SARY CARLS INTO DAT AND US

Red (9,1000) 1070m, 148Th),

4 ((mar(1,J), J=1, MaxCaT), I=1, MaCaRO)

Id (Imilias - LASTAO) 5,125,5

JICAPHO = TACTHE / MACARD

IF ([ACTAL - [[CRD F] * MACARDI) 10,10,5

0 ICall ld = 10% in + 1

10 IF ([C:(DNO - 1) 13,18,13

13 IDEX = 5

Nic∈X = ∂

Du 15 K=2, ICabab

READ (9,1007) ((MAT(1,J), J=1, MAXDAT), 1=190X, 409X)

IDEX = IDEX + MACARD

15 AueX = IDEX + 3

SET ALL C ARRAYS AND VARIABLES TO ZERO, INITIALIZE MATH LONG TO PROCESS A CLASSROOM GUIL, AND SET ALL ACT EXPRES AND VARIABLES TO ZERO

18 CALL INZTRO (IGEARY, NGLARY)

DO BU MATERIAL, INCTIO

The (MAR(CONTENT), MATACE) - ITUSHED 10,80,40

```
20 In the Alam (Inding)

Call (which (Inding) and MARAYS Flat for ACTIVITY UNDER STEEL ANY INTER

Z) IN = Induly

K = MAT(IN, MAT(S)

ISACT(A) = ISACT(K) + MAT(IN, MAT(IN)

LIACT(Y) = LIACT(K) + MAT(IN, MAT(IN)
```

Z7 IN = IPOUM:
 K = MAT(IM, MATIS)
 ISACT(A) = ISACT(A) + MAT(IM, MATIIM)
 K = MAT(IM, MATIM) + MAT(IM, MATIM)
 K = MAT(IM, MATIM)
 LOWCT(A) = LOWCT(A) + MAT(IM, MATIM)
 OU Z7 J=FATMS, MATIM
 IF (MATIMS) > Z7, Z7, Z5
Z0 LSACT(J=M) = LACT(J=M) + MAT(IM, MATIM)
Z7 CONTINUE
 ITACT = ITACT + MAT(IM, MATIM)

COMPUTE WELFARTED TIME VALUES FOR PRIMARY/SECURIARY CURTER AREA TO TABLE TO THE APPROPRIATE DOLD ARRAY

```
JEP1 = GAT(IN, MATCAT) = 3

IF (JEM1) 56,30,36

30 JAM2 = GAT(IN, MATLI)

60 To (35,35,37,37), JEP2

33 INSTIA = 0

GO TO 40
```

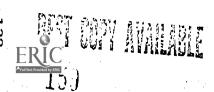
35 INSTEM = HAT(In, MATTER) GU fo ad 37 INSTEM = MAT(In, MATTER) / 2

40 IF (J.P1) 56,45,50 43 00 47 J=MAT(0, EVTLL IF (MAT(IA,J)) 47,47,45

45 LSPCW(J-3) = LSPCW(J-5) + IVOTIM 47 CONTINUE

GJ. TO 56 50 0) 50 J= WATER, MAILL IF (MAT(1.,4)) 50,55,03 53 LaSCW(J-0) = LASCW(J-0) + INSTIG 56 CONTINU

SEARCH THE GENERALIZED ACTIVITIES IN MATERIX ALL TO STICAL SCRIVETY 1887 AS THE CAR DEBOX 100/S108/1000



```
50 IF (IACT 1: - 14) 54,51,07

57 IVAL = 11 + 1

D0 50 J=IVaL, IACTOR

IF (CAT(La, Value)) - cat(J, catao)) 69,60,00

S0 IF (CAT(La, Value)) - cat(J, catao)) 69,60,00

50 IV 63

50 Cutified
```

Ullso The Victor & Till about to IVI JUAL avilVIII CONTROL I I can ACT ARRAYS, and THE VALUES FOR ITS APAREMENT SURVEY TYPE IN INC. ARRAYS.

```
on Just = mar(lingualCar)
6. To (6);c6;b/;cc1; doll
```

CULLARSE LVET SPAINTS LA BOAGE LATS BY TOMERS VILLES THE ACT RELATED TO LUS ALUTYS

```
CALL A DO (IDECS, IDACT, ISON)
CALD AD Y (IDECS, LIBOT, LIBO)
CALL ADDRY (LDECS, LADET, LIBO)
CALL ADDRY (LDECS, LSAUT, LIBO)
ITED = ITEUS + ITACT
So IC 16
```

COLLAPNE LVIK ENGLISH LANGUAG: WATS BY ADDING VALUES PRIN AUT ARRAYS

55 CALL ADDRY (IGECE, IGACT, ISNU)
CALL ADDRY (LIECE, LIACT, ECRE)
CALL ADDRY (ENECE, LHACT, LHAC)
CALL ADDRY (ESECE, ESACT, ESRE)
ITEC: = ITECE + ITACT
GO TO 70

CULLAPSE OVER PRIMARY CONTENT AREAS BY AUDITIG VALUES FROM ACT ARRAYS TO PO ABSOLUTE TIME ARRAYS

67 CALL ALORY (ESPCA, ESACT, ESHO)



```
CONDENSESSION OF SOME ARY CLOSE AFTER A LINE AND LINE AND WELL A PROPERTY.
 TO SU DE LOS TOP MIRATE
 65 CALL SHORY (LA CA, ESSO), LONG)
 PRIME THE I STYLEDAY ASSESS WITHOUT STORES IN STORESTED IN A TOTAL
 70 18 (90PAST) 75,73,73
· 75 CALL PURKT (ISKOTI, ISKOT, INKOT, ISKO)
    CALL PORTY (CINCTL, CLAST, HAUF, LIRG)
    CALL PORTS (BRACTS, LARST, DAST, LAND)
    CALL PORT (LONGTL, LONGT, IMMEN, US to)
    CALL PATELL (LATTING TACTI)
 10 851 ( 4851 9 1) = 11 000
 of Confiation
 LONGITE PERCONTS FOR LOS WARRYS (SPAN LANG EXTS ETTALS A WEADSHIELD)
   CALL PORT (ISLEST, ISLES, ITLES, ISAN)
    CALL POSAT (LILOSI, LILOS, ITLOS, LIME)
    CALL FORM (EMECSI, EMECS, ITECS, LMM.)
    50 33 1=1, Lists
 63 LSECOM(I) = LDEGUL(I) + LSECE(I)
    CALL ESPER (ESECS, ESECOA, ESECUE, ESECEI, INDECS, EMPLOY, ITALIA),
                TRUCT
 COMPUTE PERCENT: FOR LCC ARRAYS (FING LAND ARTS WITHIT A CLASSIFIED)
   CALL PORGT (ISLOUT, ISLOE, ITLOS, ISMO)
    CALL POEMS (LILCEL, LILCE, ITLC), LIAO)
    CALL POSTI (L. LC. 1, ENLOE, ITLGS, LAND)
 CHEPOTE PERCLIFY FOR LS ARRAY FOR 20, 50, ATT CO CLASSRICK TOTAL OF
 AND ABSOLUTE WILLOW FOR A COUNTERPARTS THIS VALUE.
    CALL LAPER TELACH, EDAGA, ESPESI, ESPECIA, INDICAS, EMPLIE, DESCES,
                ii:
   CALL No fee (1 to CM, Lauda, Larcal, 1836.1, 18 to 5, Inhabet, 18 to 5,
   # 1. 2.21.11
    by the continue
    Euros (1) = 192, (1) - Larob(1)
 84 LSSCH(1) - LASCA(1) - 05 Con(1)
```

05 35 1=1, 1763

```
LSCCW(1) = LSPCW(1) + LSSCW(1)
 85 LSCCA(I) = EDPCA(I) + LSSCA(I)
    CALL LOPER (LOCCH, ESCUA, ESCUSI, ESCUSI, TALLOS, IMMOGE, ITAGES,
                [[400c]]
   Tribl 1=1, LS4;
 87 ESCOS(I) = 60004(I) - ESCON(I)
 COLLAPSE OVER THAN LAND ART PERCENTS IN LO ACLAYS FOR ALL CLASSE OFF
 AY ADRING MALOUD FROM LG I ARRAY TO LAS ARRAY
    Di 93 Lain Like
    IF (LSCCS_(I)) 88,83,20
 88 IF (LSEC:1(11) 93,93,18
 90 ESEAS(I) = ESEAS(I) + ESECSI(I)
    LSLARC(I) = LSLANG(I) + 100
 11 Calilinos
 COPLAPSO OVER PRIMARY CONTENT AREA PERCONTS IN LS ADMAYS FOR ALLO
 CLASSARONA, BY MENTAG VALUES FROM POST ARRAY TO MAN ARRAY
    71 100 1=0, LONG
    Th (LS: Col(1)) 90,95,98
95 IF (LSPC2:(I)) 100,100,98
 98 LSPAS(1) = USPAS(1) + LSPCS1(1)
    LSPA ()(1) = LSPAYO(1) + 100
100 CHATTABE
CULLAPSE (MER SECONDARY CONTENT AREA PERCIPTS IN LS ARRAYS FOR ALL
 CLASSROOMS OF ADDING VALUES FROM SCS1 ARRAY TO SAS ARRAY
   . 59 105 I=1, LSEO
    IF (LSSCSI(I)) 103,103,105
103 If (LSSCel(I)) 108,103,105
165 LSSAS(1) = LSSAS(1) + LSSCS1(1)
    LSS4 NO(I) = LSSANL(II + 100
103 CONTINUE
COLLAPSE OVER COMBINEO CONTENT AREA PERCENTS IN LS ALAMYS FOR ALL
 CLASSRUMES BY ADJENG VALUES FROM COST ARRAY TO CAS ARRAY
    06 415 I=1, L300
   IF (LSCCLIMIN) 110,110,113
```

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110 IF (LSCCE1(I)) 115,115,115

```
113 EgGAs(1) = Associt1) + ENCOSI(1)

- ESCARS(1) = Escapi(1) + (10)

115 CONTING
```

PRINT THE GLASSRAMM SUMMARY IF REQUESTFU, UPDATE CLASSRAMM COUNTLY, COET RUNGT SU NERT ACTIVITY SUMMED WILL BE PRINTED AT THE TOP OF A MEW PAGE, AND RETURN TO SEGIT PROCESSING ANOTHER SLASSRAMM MITT

```
IF (MCPCLA) 126,118,126
118 CALL PRICEA
120 ICLAMO = 1CLA<sub>10</sub> + 1
NOACT = 9
Go TO 1
```

COMPUTE PERCENTS THE COLLEGES DATE OF ALL CLASSIFICATE FOR THE MEL MORE AUTIVITY TYPES (LAS, PAS, SAS, AND CAS TARRAYS)

```
125 CALL ESPER (ESLAS, ESLAND, ESLASI, ESLAEI, IMMIAS, IMMIAS, ITALAS,

** TREAS,

CALL ESPER (ESPAS, ESPAND, ESPASI, ESPAEI, IMMIAS, IMMIAS, ITALAS,

** TREAS,

CALL ESPER (ESSAS, ESSAND, ESSASI, ESSAEI, IMMIAS, IMMIAS, ITALAS,

** TREAS,

CALL ESPER (ESCAS, ESCAND, ESCASI, ESCAEI, IMMIAS, IMMIAS, ITALAS,

** TREAS,

CALL ESPER (ESCAS, ESCAND, ESCASI, ESCAEI, IMMIAS, IMMIAS, ITALAS,

** TREAS,

CALL PRIFET

STUR
```

ATTACHMENT XVIII
BCQTAB Program

```
2005 FORBAT (GAL, FRUNDER OF ACTIVITIES SPECIFIED FRESH TO ATOM THE ARE
    #ER LISTEL!)
2006 FURMAT (SM,*19VALID CATEGORY DUDE IN AUTIVITY HALL LE *,1/)
2007 FORMAT (SX, 1:11SmaTCHED ACTIVITY ARE) CATHOLET CLORE IN ACTIVITY ARE
    キモス きってん)
2008 FURNAT (SK, 'INVALID TIME SPECIFICATION IN ACTIVITY FURNATALID
2009 FORMAT (6x, *INVALID CODE FOR LANGUAGE OF STUDENT IN ACTIVITY LANGU
    *K 1,121
2010 FURBAT (6X, *INVALID CODE FOR PRIMARY INSTRUCTAR IT ACTIVITY CONSIST
    * 1,12)
2011 FORMAT (6K, *INVALID CODE FOR LAMGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION IN ASSISTED
    #Unifile: *,I2)
2012 FORMAT (6K, 'LIVALIO COLDE FOR LANGUAGE OF RATERIALS IN ACTIVITY MA
    本も正立 しょくくし
2013 FURMAT (EX, *ALL ZERO LANGUAGE OF STUDENT CATEGORIES IN ACTIVITY ...
    奉胡石瓦民 「夏耳之」
 CODE FOR PRINTING ERROR MESSAGES BASED ON PASSED PARTICIPAR JMPVAL -
     IERR = 1
    GU TO (1,2,3,4,5,5,7,3,9,10,11,12,13), JEPYNL
 8 1. WKITH (3,2001).
     RETURY
  2 WAITE (3,2002)
    RaTU (N
  3 WRITE (3,2003)
    RETURN
  4 WRITE (3,2004)
  RETURN
  5 WRITE (3,2005)
    RETURN
  6 WRITE (3,2006) IN
    RETURN
  7 WRITE (3,2007) IN
                        BEST COPY AVAILABLE
```

and the company of the first of the

ATTACHMENT XVIII

SUBROUTINE PRIERR (JAPVAL)

FORMATS OUTER TO WAITE ENROR NESSAUES -

2001 FURNAT (SK, 'INVALIS TEACHER AS AGASER') 2002 FURNAT (KA, 'INVALIS GRADE ESVIL PARAMETER')

2003 FORMAT (EK, LAVALIO TEACHIMS EXPERTENCE PARTHETELL) 2004 FORMAT (EX, LEVALID NUMBER OF ACTIVITIES SERCENCE!)

COMMON ILAR, 100

a Wall of (see to) IN

Relievi

9 WAIT (3,2007) 18

RETURN

REH G

10 WRITE (3,2010) IA

RETURA

11 WRITE (3,2011) IN

RETURN

12 Walte (3,1612) In

RETURN

13 WAITS (3,2013) IN

RETURN

 $1, w_{i}^{-j}$

THIS PARCIA: CHICAS DATA CARDS TO BE ANNEYZED BY BOOTING AT VILLE PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS. IT EXPECTS THE FILLOWING FILL DISCORDER:

- (1) MITTER WARR (TO BE BOND PRINTED AS THE BLAST CLIPS I LIGHT.
- (2) AMY INDEER OF LAYE CORDS UNBARIZED BENJERTLALLY ACCORDING TO THACKET IF CLASS
- (3) All who CALL CHASTELLS OF 1991 APP. ALL of the Chas 19-15

FORMATS 6850 TO CAD AND WRITE TITLE CARD, REAL PARK THE LAW CO. AND WRITE TRACHER MEASERS

(00) Folkar (30Al)

:003 FURNAT (/ 1X,30A1)

1005 FORMAT (14,14,11,114,12,4(12,11,15,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11))

100/ FURMAT ([16,4([2,[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[],[])

DOIN FORMAT (/ IX, LERRERS DETECTED FOR TEACHER ID NOT ALL 1,14,121)

1013 FUNCAT (1+1,Tell, MINET)

1015 FORMAT (7 14, TANALIS WIMBER OF ACTIVITIES FOR TEACHER TOTAL

DECLARS VARIABLES USED BY PRIOR IN CONTRA

Charles Takk, 16

DIMENSION TITLE CARD BUFFER AND MAT MARAY

STRENSING PTITCE (80), SAT (99, 12)

PRESET ALL CONSTAITS

ENTA LASTINI, MACARO, MAXDAT, MAMACT / 19,4,12,40/,

MATAUT, MATCHT, MATTIM /1,2,3/,

MATECORATOR, MATES, MATME, MATMS, MATLL /4,5,0,7,3,9/,

MATIS, MATLI, MATLA /10, 11, 12/

READ AND WRITE TITLE CARD

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IMITIALIZE MAY ARRAY, REACH LAST CARD FOR A CLASSRUCK UTIT, COMMUNE THE HUMBER OF CARDO USED, AND BEEN THAT MARY CARES INTO HAT ARROW

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     IF ([ACT+1] 3,5,4
  3 WRITE (3,1615) INTOR
   - GU TÚ 190
  4-16 (1Aurilo - LasTab) 0,196,5
   D TERDAL = TACTION / MACARD
     IF (IACTAL - (ICKERO @ MACARO)) 10,10,1
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 10 IF (13abs. - i) 18,13,13
 13 [SEX = 3
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   3.30 (9,10.7) ( (MAT(1,J), J=1, MAXDAT), [=1.22, 2.34)
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 U = 28.51 BI
  WRITE (3,1010) IDTCH
 $5N: 0 To 9799
    Ir (10:00) /3,25,20
 20 IF (IDTCH - 0999) 25,25,23
 23 CALL PATER (1)
 GRADE TAUGHT: 0 TO 9
 25 IF (IGAALL) 30,33,27
 27 IF (1684c) - 1) 30,55,30
330 CALL PRYEAR (E)
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THACHING LAPENT HOUSE IN THE 3

[33] IF (15X2) [17,40,35

Attachment XVIII, p. 4

Wilden or All (VIIIE): 1 10 40

- 4) 11 (13.16. 34861) -744743
- 40 CALL PROPERTY
- AT IF CHARLEST STORMSTILL DESCRIPTION
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- 53 DALL PREFARE (4)

LOND FOR Edward Chain ACTIVITY South Chill It of sound

195 No 186 17-19 Laulle

CATEBURY CODE: 1 To 1

AUTIVITY COLE : 1 To 16

16 (04) (1 in 20 (547)) 107, 167, 152

155 In (MAJ(1 : MICAT) - 4) 110,120,107

107 CALL PATEER (01 6) 10 13.

Halland a Milliamod)

TACT S AR (I WAR CAT)

6. 10 (11., 117, 125, 1.7), INCAL

SLA: 1 F. 3

113 IF (IRACT - 1) 133,135,115

115 IF (INACT - 5) 135, 135, 133

ELA: 6 T. Lo

117 If (1894C) = 5) 153,155,120 120 If (184C) = 15) 135,135,135

Major Comfact: In Talle

123 IF (1940) - 11) 133,135,125

125 I: (1890) - 18) 135,135,135

emilyOR Court of: 15 To 17

127 In (1960 - 10) 133, 100, 170

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135 in (page) - 15, 155,155,155
135 CALL PRIOR (7)
135 CAVITAGE
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TIRE ALLOTMENT: 1 TO 974

IF (MAT(IM, MATTIN)) 143, 143, 140 140 IF (MA (IM, MATTIN) - 999) 145, 143, 143 143 CALL PRIEMA (D)

LS CATEGORIES: Julian 1

IS CATEGORY: 1 10 5

157 CALL PATRIK (13)

153 IF (MAT(IM, MATIS)) 160,160,159 157 IF (MAT(IM, MATIS) = 5) 153,163,160 160 Call Patera (10)

LI CHTEGURY: 1 TO 4

160 In (mar(Im, Marell)) 167,167,165 165 IF (MAR(IM, MARELL) - 4) 170,170,167 167 CALL PRIBUR (11)

LM CATEGORY: 1 10 9

170 IP (MAT(IM, MATER)) 175,175,173 175 IF (MAT(IM, MATER) - 4) 180,180,175 175 CALL PRIERR (12) 186 CONTINUE

WRITE MOTE IN WG ERRORS WERE DETECTED (TERR = 0)

IF (IERR) 167,165,167 185 WRITE (3,1015) 167 Go 79 1 190 CONTILUE STOP 6...)

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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

ATTACHMENT XIX

Example of Printed Output for BCQ Data

GENERAL DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATION

1. PARTICIPATION PERCENT: THIS PERCENTAGE INDICATES THE PERCENT GROUP WERE PARTICIPANTS IN THE ACTIVA

2. ACTIVITY TYPE GROUPINGS:

SPANISH LANGUAGE ARTS:

SPANISH AS A FIRST LANGUAGE SPANISH AS A SECUND LANGUAGE READING IN SPANISH WRITING/SPELLING IN SPANISH OTHER SPANISH LANGUAGE ARTS ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS:

ENGLISH AS A FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE READING IN ENGLISH WRITING/SPELLING IN ENGLISH OTHER ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

3. LANGUAGE GROUP ABBREVIATIONS:

BB = BALANCED BILINGUAL
BE = PARTIAL BILINGUAL
BS = PARTIAL BILINGUAL
ME = MUNULINGUAL ENGL
MS = MUNULINGUAL SPAN
LL = LIMITED ENGLISH/L

4. LESA LANGUAGE GROUPS CONSIST OF BS, MS, AND LL STUDENTS

SED IN THE DATA ANALYSIS BELOW

IME 14 WHICH ONE OR MORE STUDENTS OF THE SPECIFIED LANGUAGE GROUP OF ACTIVITIES INDICATED

MAJOR CONTENT & AS:

MINOR CONTENT AREAS:

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THEMATICS
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MICH MAJOR CONTENT AREAS

MUSIC ART PHYSICAL EDUCATION OTHER MINOR CONTENT AREAS

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Attachment XIV, PAGE 3 &

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8 E 8 S 14 E 14 S	PERCENT PER CLASSROOM OF MINUR CONTENT AREA TAUGHT IN SPANISH 28 19 30 11 34 0 DSS DDPS 20	AVERAGE PARTICIPATION PERCENT PER CLASSROOM SOF MINOR CONTENT ARE TAUGHT IN ENGLISH 72 81 70 89 66 100

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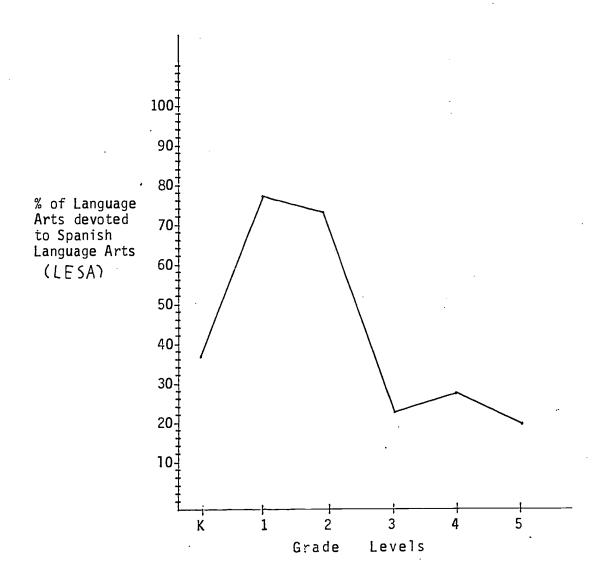
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•	LANGUAGE GROUPS II MAJUR CONTEN	NSTRUCTED IN F AREAS:	*
	AVERAGE PARTICIPAT PERCENT PER CLASSR OF MAJOR CONTENT A TAUGHT IN SPANISH	DOM PERCENT PE	R CLASSROOM # ONTENT AREAS*
RB BC BS MC BS LL	22 13 47 22 43 25		7 8
VERAGE ACROSS EL LANG GROUPS EPRESENTED	3 28		71 **
VERAGE ACRUSS ESA LANG GROUP EPRESENTED	P\$ 38		61 ** **
****	* *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	************
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	AVERAGE PARTICIPAT PERCENT PER CLASSR UF ALL CONTENT AKE TAUGHT IN SPANISH	OOM PERCENT PE	RTICIPATION # R CLASSROOM # ITENT AREAS # ENGLISH #
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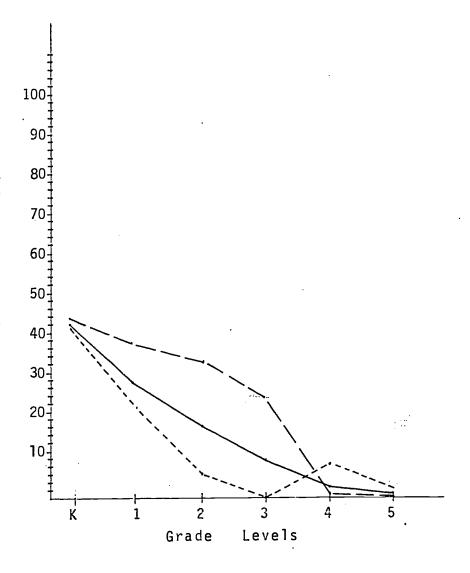
ATTACHMENT XX

Patterns of Instruction for Different Program Types

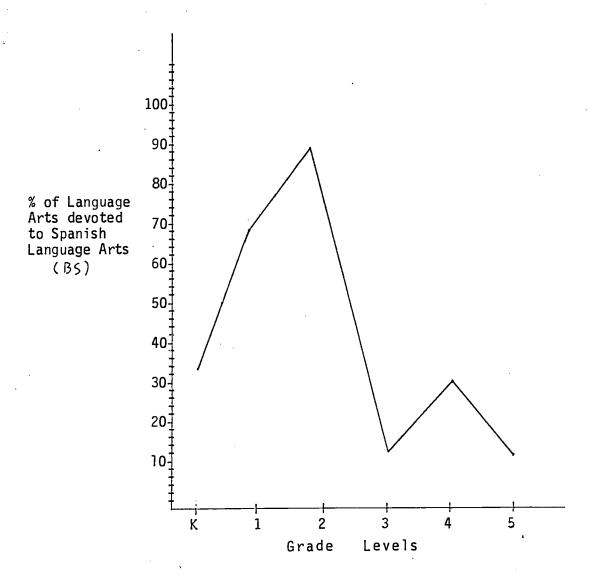




% of content areas taught in Spanish (LESA

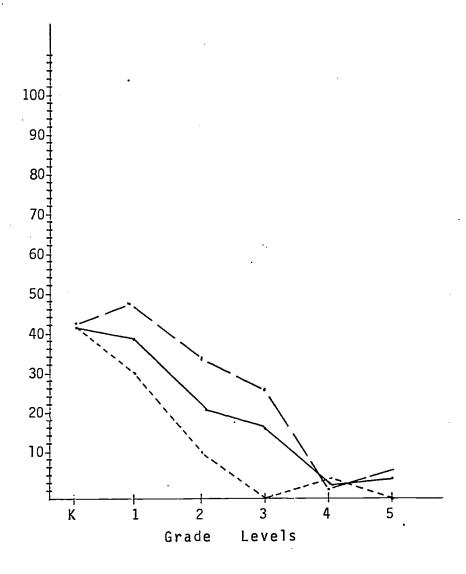


major content areas
minor content areas
combined

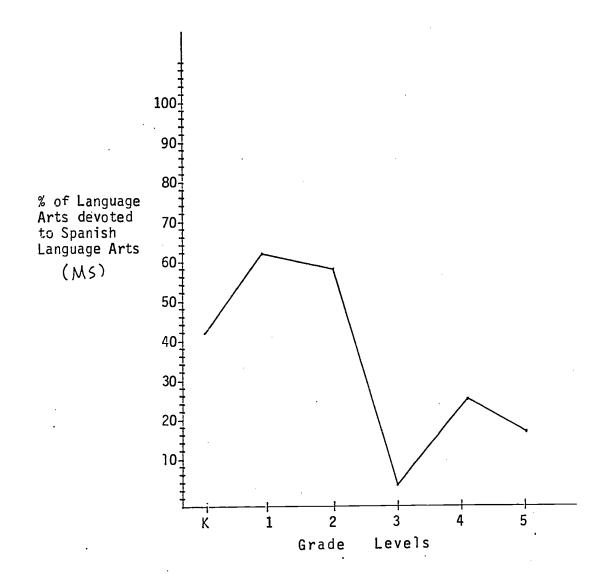


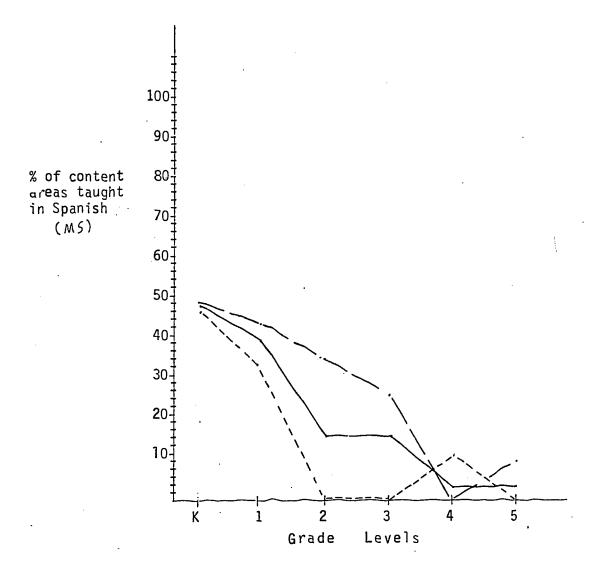


% of content areas taught in Spanish (BS)

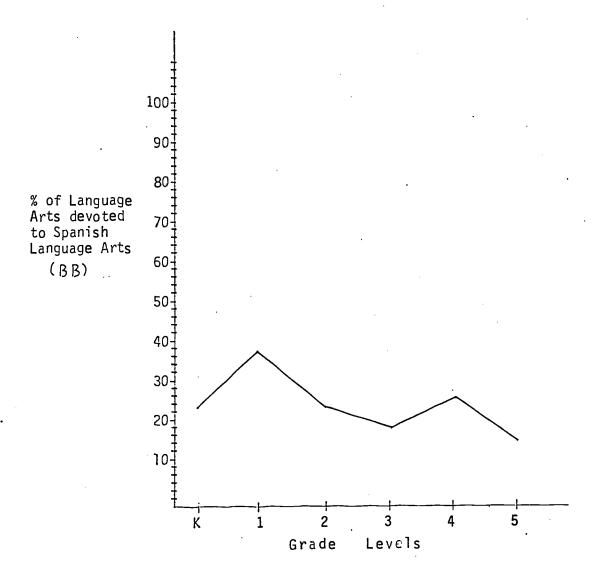


major content areas
minor content areas
combined

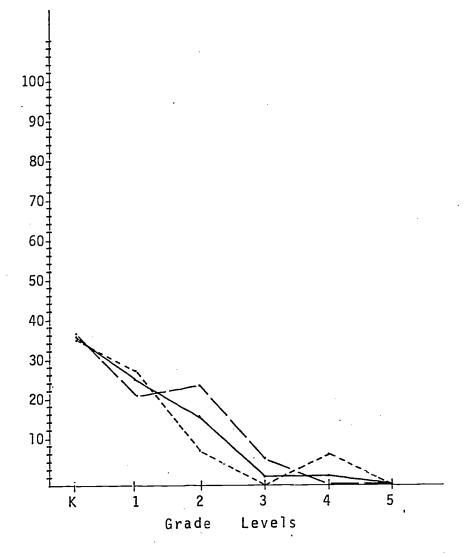




major content areas
minor content areas
combined



% of content areas taught in Spanish (88)

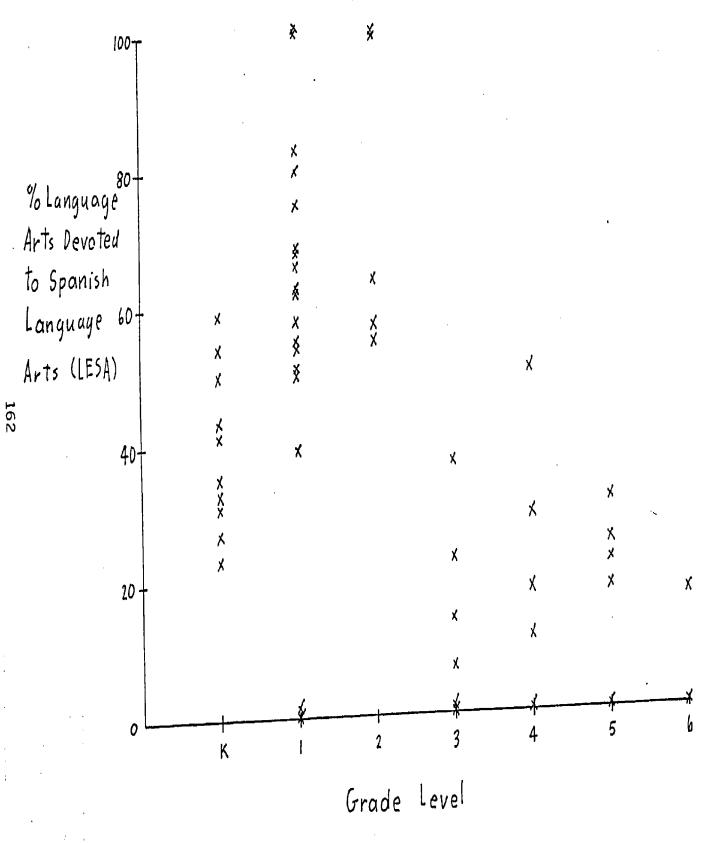


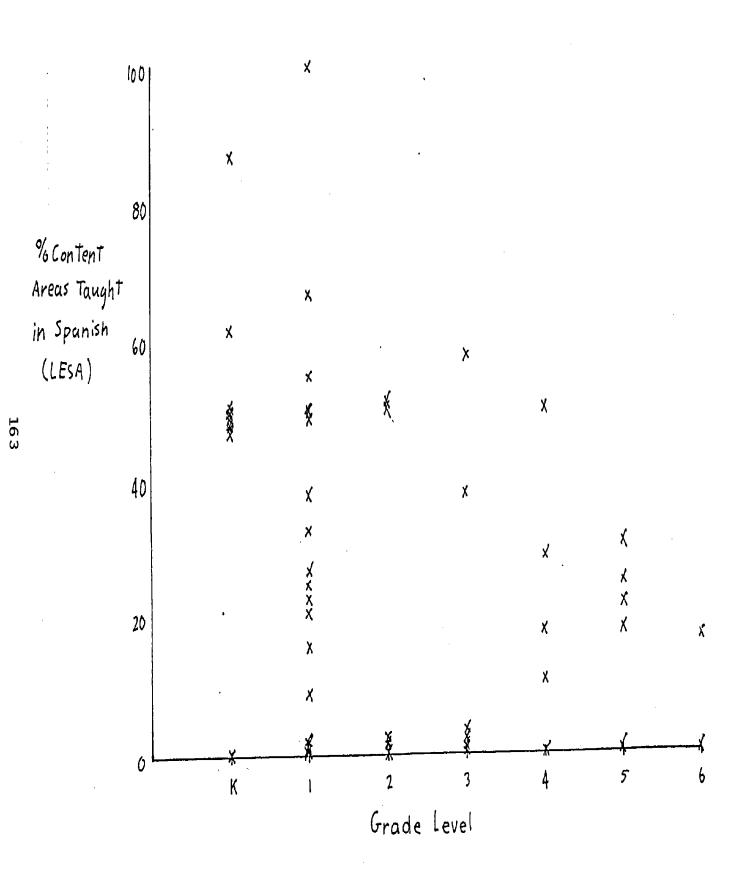
----- major content areas
----- minor content areas
combined

ATTACHMENT XXI

Scattergrams for Second Urban Site







ERIC

ATTACHMENT XXII

LoU Interview Booklet

LOU INTERVIEW

INTRODUCTION

- 1. CHIT-CHAT WEATHER, ETC.
- 2. WHY AND WHAT THE STUDY IS ALL ABOUT.
- 3. TRYING TO FIND OUT ABOUT YOUR USE OF BILINGUAL EDUCATION.
- 4. PURPOSE IS TO DESIGN A STAFF DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
- 5. I'D LIKE TO THANK YOU FOR GIVING ME THE OPPORTUNITY TO ASK YOU SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR TEACHING.
- 6. RE: SOMETHING ABOUT THE RECORDER.
- 7. FOCUS INTERVIEW SET OF QUESTIONS.

Lou INTERVIEW

<u>NONUSER</u>

	NE YOU EVER T IY DID YOU STO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	IF YES:				
	CAN YOU DESC	RIBE FOR ME HOW YOU ORGANIZED YOUR USE OF?			
	WHAT PROBLEM	S YOU FOUND?			
	WHAT EFFECTS	IT APPEARED TO HAVE ON STUDENTS?			
WHEN YOU ASSESS AT THIS POINT IN TIME, WHAT DO YOU SEE AS THE STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES?					
	QUIRING FORMATION:	ARE YOU CURRENTLY LOOKING FOR ANY INFORMATION ABOUT			
		WHAT KINDS?			
		FOR WHAT PURPOSES?			
0/	I-II	HAVE YOU MADE A DECISION TO USE IN THE FUTURE?			
I/	II	IF SO, WHEN WILL YOU BEGIN USE? !!			

Lou Interview SEDL 2/79

CONFIGURATION HUNT

Spanish Reading

ARE YOU CURRENTLY TEACHING SPANISH READING?

(If NO - Ask NONUSER questions.)

If YES - Ask the following:

PLEASE DESCRIBE FOR ME THE STRUCTURE OF THE SPANISH READING PROGRAM IN YOUR CLASSROOM.

<u>If needed</u>, ask the following questions to search out minimum criteria:

- 1. What materials do you use? Are you using the Spanish version?
- 2. Who is it taught to (language classification of students)?
- 3. How much time is spent in Spanish reading each day/week?
- 4. Is there a period specified in the Daily Schedule?

ESL

- 1. Do you have children in your class of limited English-speaking ability?
- 2. Do you do anything different in oral English development for these children that you would not normally do for monolingual English-speaking children of the same age? If YES proceed; If NO go to NONUSER.
- 3. Do you do this consistently?
- Is this something you do frequently (daily? amount of time?)?

CONTENT AREAS

- Now let's talk about the content areas. Is there any content area (math, science, social studies) that you teach the <u>concepts</u> first in Spanish?
 - If YES proceed; If NO go to NONUSER.
- 2. Single out the area, or one of the areas mentioned, and ask, "Do you do this consistently?"
- Is this something you do frequently (daily? amount of time?)?

Minor Content Proceed as in CONTENT AREAS above.
Areas

CULTURE

- 1. Tell me about any kinds of things that you do that might fall in the area of CULTURE IN THE CLASSROOM.
- To whom is this taught (language classification of the students)?
- 3. Do you do this consistently?
- 4. Is this something you do frequently (daily? amount of time?)?



SEDL 2/79

<u>USER</u>

ASSESSING/ KNOWLEDGE	WHAT DO YOU SEE AS THE STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES OF YOUR OWN PROGRAM OF?
	HAVE YOU MADE ANY ATTEMPT TO DO ANYTHING ABOUT WEAKNESSES? (PROBE THOSE THEY MENTIONED SPECIFICALLY.)
ACQUIRING	ARE YOU CURRENTLY LOOKING FOR ANY INFORMATION ABOUT
INFORMATION	WHAT KIND?
	FOR WHAT PURPOSES?
LoU V	DO YOU WORK WITH OTHER PEOPLE IN YOUR USE OF?
	HAVE YOU MADE ANY CHANGES IN YOUR USE OF BASED ON THIS JOINT EFFORT?
•	IF YES:
	1. HOW DO YOU WORK TOGETHER?
	2. HOW OFTEN?
	3. WHAT DO YOU SEE AS THE EFFECTS OF THIS COLLABORATION?
	4. ARE YOU LOOKING FOR ANY PARTICULAR KIND OF INFORMATION IN RELATION TO THIS COLLABORATION?
	5. DO YOU TALK WITH OTHERS ABOUT YOUR JOINT EFFORT (collaboration)? IF SO, WHAT DO YOU SHARE WITH THEM?
	6. HAVE YOU ASSESSED, EITHER FORMALLY OR INFORMALLY, HOW YOUR COLLABORATION IS WORKING?
	7. WHAT PLANS DO YOU HAVE FOR WORKING TOGETHER IN THE FUTURE?
<u> </u>	IF YES, ask next question; if NO, proceed to sharing.
·	8. ARE YOU CONSIDERING OR PLANNING TO MAKE MAJOR MODIFICATIONS OR REPLACE AT THIS TIME?
SHARING	DO YOU EVER TALK WITH OTHERS ABOUT?
ASSESSING	(HAVE YOU CONSIDERED ANY ALTERNATIVES OR DIFFERENT WAYS OF DOING THINGS WITH ?)
	ARE YOU DOING ANY EVALUATING? EITHER FORMALLY OR INFORMALLY, THAT WOULD AFFECT YOUR USE OF ?
	HAVE YOU RECEIVED ANY FEEDBACK FROM STUDENTS THAT WOULD AFFECT THE WAY YOU'RE TEACHING?
	WHAT HAVE YOU DONE WITH THE INFORMATION THAT YOU GET?



SEDL 2/79

LoU INTERVIEW

III/IVA/IVB	HAVE YOU MADE ANY CHANGES RECENTLY IN HOW YOU USE	?
	WHAT?	
	WHY?	
	HOW RECENTLY?	
II/IVA/IVB	ARE YOU CONSIDERING MAKING ANY (OTHER) CHANGES?	
PLANNING/ STATUS REPORTING	IN LOOKING AHEAD TO LATER THIS YEAR, WHAT PLANS DO YOU HAVE IN RELATION TO YOUR USE OF	?
III-V/VI	ARE YOU CONSIDERING OR PLANNING TO MAKE MAJOR MODIFICATIONS OR	



ATTACHMENT XXIII

LoU Rating Sheet

LEVEL OF USE RATING SHEET

Tape #:
Date: / /

Site: I.D. #: Interviewer: Rater:

Date: /	1	1.0.	γ.								
Level	Knowledge	Acquiring Information	Sharing	Assessing	Planning		rting	Pe	erformi	ng	Overall LoU
Non-Use D.P. A	0	0	0	0	0	,	0		0	,	0
Orientation D.P. B	I	I	I	I	I		I		I		I .
Preparation D.P. C	II	II ·	II	II	II		II		II		II
Mechanical Use D.P. D-1	III .	III	III	III	III	I	II		III		III
Routine D.P. D-2	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVĀ	1	.VA		IVA		IVA
Refinement D.P. E	IVB	IVB	IVB	IVB	IVB]	(VB		IVB		IVB
Integration D.P. F	v	V	. v	V	V		V		V		V
Renewal	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI		VI		VI		VI
User is not doing:	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND		ИD		
No information in interview:	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI		NI		NI		
						:	-				
Past User The amount of in		stimated past L the interview		insufficient for rating	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	very adequate for rating
The interviewee	!	•		does not fit on the chart	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	fits well on the chart
The interviewee	.		was	very difficult to interview	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	was no problem to interview
ERIC Aful Task Provided by ERIC										2	10

ATTACHMENT XXIV

Questionnaire on the Teaching of English as a Second Language

Questionnaire on the Teaching of Spanish Reading



QUESTIONNAIRE ON THE TEACHING OF ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

220

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory
Division of Bilingual and International Education
211 East Seventh Street
Austin, Texas 78701

APRTI. 1979

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DIS					
	TRICT	· . · . ·	SCHOOL	GRADE	
	QUEST	TIONNAIRE ON THE T	TEACHING OF ENGLISH AS A SECO	ND LANGUAGE (ESL)	
Eng this <u>not</u>	lish as a s questio be used	a Second Language onnaire will be us	naire is to obtain information (ESL) in the bilingual class sed to design inservice education knowledge, skills, or att	room. The responses from ton for teachers, and w	om will
1.	Do you h	have children in y	your class of limited English	-speaking ability? (Che	eck o
	Yes	No If	No, go to page , Part A.		
2.	you woul		rent in oral English developme o for monolingual English-spea		
	Yes	If <u>Yes</u> , answer	questions 3-5.		
	No	If \underline{No} , go to p	page , Part A.		
3.	How much	n time is spent on	n ESL each day (or week)?		
4.	Is there	e a period specifi	ied in the daily schedule?		
	Yes	No		·	
		•	TTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:		- .
	pe		of trying to learn how to te ing directed toward logistics on, etc.		,
	No	changes, or only	oing along satisfactorily wit minor changes, in my use of der consideration.		
	I AM PR	ESENTLY OR HAVE B	EEN WITHIN THE PAST THREE MON	THS	
	l		- to - +		
			some new ways of doing things olvement and achievement.	• • •	· ••
	gr. 1.4 meding	eater student invo eting with other t g the English lang		to see if I can't get or the purpose of incre nglish-speaking student	
	1.4 meding We 1.5 exp	eater student involutions with other to get the English lange have already made perimenting with s	olvement and achievement. teachers on a regular basis f guage skills of our limited E e some changes which we feel some additional, or very diff nglish-speaking students that	to see if I can't get or the purpose of incre nglish-speaking student will achieve this end.	s.

- 2.1 I don't remember doing any formal or informal planning in the past three months that is related to my program of ESL.
- I HAVE BEEN WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS OR AM CURRENTLY IN THE PROCESS OF
- 2.2 meeting with other teachers on a regular basis for the purpose of planning specific ways to increase student achievement in English language proficiency.
- 2.3 planning some changes in my own ESL program that I believe will significantly improve the English language proficiency of my students.
- 2.4 planning specific activities and/or changes in my ESL program that relate primarily to my present use of the resources and personnel we have available.
- 2.5 planning specific c'anges in my ESL program that relate primarily to managerial, organizational, or logistics kinds of problems.
- 2.6 planning for increasing student English language skills through greatly modifying or replacing our present program of ESL.

PLEASE READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:

3.1 I don't remember doing any formal or informal assessment of my ESL program within the past three months.

AT SOME POINT WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS

- 3.2 I have assessed my collaborative efforts with others and the impact of my collaboration on the English language skills of my limited English-speaking students.
- 3.3 I have been assessing the advantages and disadvantages of particular means for greatly modifying or replacing my present program of ESL instruction for the purpose of improving student achievement.
- 3.4 I have done some evaluating (either formally or informally) of ESL programs and find that no change, or only minor changes, are needed in my program for the immediate future.
- 3.5 I have appraised the strengths and/or weaknesses of my ESL program in terms of time and management problems and how well the students like it.
- 3.6 I have assessed my ESL program and, based on that assessment, I have made several minor changes, or a major change, for the purpose of improving student achievement.

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. .

--:-

. . . .

adding .

4.1 I don't remember sharing information about my ESL program with anyone during the past three months.

WHEN I HAVE SHARED INFORMATION WITH SOMEONE ABOUT MY SPANISH READING PROGRAM DURING THE PAST THREE MONTHS

- 4.2 we have generally talked about ways of reducing time and management problems.
- 4.3 we have generally discussed ways I have changed my program to improve student achievement.
- 4.4 we have generally discussed ways I collaborate with others to improve student achievement.
- 4.5 I have usually described my present program and talked about how well satisfied I am with it.
- 4.6 We have generally talked about alternatives for improving student achievement, that could replace or greatly modify my present program (that would improve the English language proficiency of my students).

PLEASE READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:

- 5.1 I feel my present program of ESL instruction has been moving along satisfactorily over the past few months and, therefore, am not looking for any new information at this time.
- I HAVE BEEN (WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS), OR CURRENTLY AM, IN THE PROCESS OF
- 5.2 seeking information on ways of changing my ESL program to increase the English language proficiency of my of students. $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{dx}{x} dx = \frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1$
- 5.3 looking for information and materials, for the purpose of increasing student achievement in English language proficiency, which can replace or greatly modify our present program of ESL.
- 5.4 seeking information and opinions about how to collaborate with others in _ order to increase the English language proficiency of our students.
- 5.5 looking for information about ways of reducing the amount of time and work required to teach my present program of ESL.

re nak ji tota mražija sastruta mata a sasti selek ili

1 4 11



DIE/	ASE READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:
6.1	
6.2	My knowledge of teaching ESL includes an understanding of the requirement for both short and long term activities, and I am able to conduct those activities within a minimum of stress.
6.3	I know how to collaborate with others in order to increase the ESL Engli language proficiency of our students.
6.4	I know both the cognitive and affective consequences of teaching ESL to my students and ways of changing my program in order to increase student achievement.
6.5	I know the day-to-day requirements of teaching ESL and the short-term effects those activities have on my students.
	NOT ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON PARTS A AND B.
Ť A -	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any
Î A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No
Î A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any
Î A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No
Î A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No
T A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No
T A - Are y infor	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No es, what kinds of information have you been seeking and for what purposes?
Are y infor If Ye Have	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any mation about ESL? Yes No
T A - Are y infor If Ye Have Yes If Ye	NOT TEACHING ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL) you presently (or have been in the past three months) looking for any rmation about ESL? Yes No es, what kinds of information have you been seeking and for what purposes? you made a decision to use ESL in the future? No

2.

TThe did those	L ECT?	•	•	•		
When did , 1 tead	E311:					
Why did you stop?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				÷
wity did you scop.	·	<u> </u>		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
When you assess E	SL at this	point in	time, wha	ı see as	the s	trengths a
When you assess I weaknesses of ESI	SL at this , as used i	point in n that si	time, wha tuation?		the s	trengths a
When you assess E weaknesses of ESI	SL at this	n that si	time, wha tuation? '		s the s	trengths a
When you assess E weaknesses of ESI	ESL at this ., as used i	n that si	time, wha tuation?		s the s	trengths a
When you assess E weaknesses of ESI	SL at this	n that si	time, wha tuation?		s the s	trengths a

Based on concepts from the Levels of Use chart and Concerns-Based Adoption Model (CBAM) developed at The University of Texas Research and Development Center for Teacher Education.

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QUESTIONNAIRE ON THE TEACHING OF SPANISH READING

SOUTHWEST EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY
DIVISION OF BILINGUAL AND INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION
211 East Seventh Street
Austin, Texas 78701

MARCH 1979

²²⁶ Best Copy Availabi



NAME	I	DATE
DISTRICT	SCHOOL_	GRADE
_	QUESTIONNAIRE ON THE TEACHING OF SPANISH READING	
Spanish Read will be used	of this questionnaire is to obtain information about to any in the bilingual classroom. The responses from the to design inservice education for teachers, and will ther knowledge, skills, or attitudes. Thank you for the task.	nis questionnaire not be used to
L. Do you	currently teach Spanish Reading in your classroom? (C	lheck one)
Yes	If Yes, enswer questions 2-6. No If No, go to p	age 4, Part A.
2. What ma	erials do you use (please include the language of the	materials)?
	(are) the language classification(s) of the students is taught?	
How muc	time is spent in Spanish Reading each day (or week)?	?
i. Is ther	a period specified in the daily schedule? Yes	No
6. Please involve	ircle the statement which most accurately describes ynent with Spanish Reading, for each of the following s	our present
PLEASE	READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:	
mo	m in the process of trying to learn how to teach Span t of my personal efforts being directed toward logist t, resource organization, etc.	ish Reading with cics, time, manage-
pr	Spanish Reading program is going along satisfactorily blems. No changes, or only minor changes, in my use have been initiated or are currently under considera	of Spanish Read-
I AM P	ESENTLY OR HAVE BEEN WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS	
1.3 ex	erimenting with some new ways of doing things to see ater student involvement and achievement.	if I can't get
in so	ting with other teachers on a regular basis for the p the Spanish reading achievement of our students. We be changes which we feel will achieve this end.	have already made
Sp	erimenting with some additional, or very different, we nish reading to my Spanish-speaking students that I be effective with these children. 227	ays of teaching elieve will be

- 2.1 I don't remember doing any formal or informal planning in the past three months that is related to my program of Spanish reading.
- I HAVE BEEN WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS OR AM CURRENTLY IN THE PROCESS OF
- 2.2 meeting with other teachers on a regular basis for the purpose of planning specific ways to increase student achievement in Spanish reading.
- 2.3 planning some changes in my own Spanish reading program that I believe will significantly improve the reading achievement of my students.
- 2.4 planning specific activities and/or changes in my Spanish reading program that relate primarily to my present use of the resources and personnel we have available.
- 2.5 planning specific changes in my Spanish reading program that relate primarily to managerial, organizational, or logistics kinds of problems.
- 2.6 planning for increasing student achievement through greatly modifying or replacing our present program of Spanish reading.

PLEASE READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:

- 3.1 I don't remember doing any formal or informal assessment of my Spanish reading program within the past three months.
- AT SOME POINT WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS

and the first control of the control

- 3.2 I have assessed my collaborative efforts with others and the impact of my collaboration on Spanish reading achievement.
- 3.3 I have been assessing the advantages and disadvantages of particular means for greatly modifying or replacing my present program of Spanish reading instruction for the purpose of improving student achievement.
- 3.4 I have done some evaluating (either formally or informally) of Spanish reading programs and find that no change, or only minor changes, are needed in my program for the immediate future.
- 3.5 I have appraised the strengths and/or weaknesses of my Spanish reading program in terms of time and management problems and how well the students like it.
- 3.6 I have assessed my Spanish reading program and, based on that assessment, I have made several minor changes, or a major change, for the purpose of improving student achievement.



4.1 I don't remember sharing information about my reading program with anyone during the past three months.

WHEN I HAVE SHARED INFORMATION WITH SOMEONE ABOUT MY SPANISH READING PROGRAM DURING THE PAST THREE MONTHS

- 4.2 we have generally talked about ways of reducing time and management problems.
- 4.3 we have generally discussed ways I have changed my program to improve student achievement.
- 4.4 we have generally discussed ways I collaborate with others to improve student achievement.
- 4.5 I have usually described my present program and talked about how well satisfied I am with it.
- 4.6 we have generally talked about alternatives for improving student achievement, that could replace or greatly modify my present program (that would improve the reading achievement of my students).

PLEASE READ ALL STATEMENTS CAREFULLY AND CIRCLE ONE:

- 5.1 I feel my present program of Spanish reading instruction has been moving along satisfactorily over the past few months and, therefore, am not looking for any new information at this time.
- I HAVE BEEN (WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS), OR CURRENTLY AM IN THE PROCESS OF
- 5.2 seeking information on ways of changing my reading program to increase the Spanish reading achievement of my students.
- 5.3 looking for information and materials, for the purpose of increasing student achievement in Spanish reading, which can replace or greatly modify our present program of Spanish reading instruction.
- 5.4 seeking information and opinions about how to collaborate with others in order to increase the Spanish reading achievement of our students.
- 5.5 looking for information about ways of reducing the amount of time and work required to teach my present program of Spanish reading instruction.

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- 6.1 I know of other means that could be used to replace or greatly modify those that we are currently using, which would improve the Spanish reading achievement of my students.
- 6.2 My knowledge of teaching reading in Spanish includes an understanding of the requirements for both short and long term activities, and I am able to conduct those activities within a minimum of stress.
- 6.3 I know how to collaborate with others in order to increase the Spanish reading achievement of our students.
- 6.4 I know both the cognitive and affective consequences of teaching reading in Spanish to my students and ways of changing my program in order to increase student achievement.
- 6.5 I know the day-to-day requirements of teaching reading in Spanish and the short-term effects those activities have on my children.

STOP, DO NOT ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON PARTS A AND B.

PART A - NOT TEACHING SPANISH READING

information about Spanish reading? Yes No
If Yes, what kinds of information have you been seeking and for what purpose
Have you made a decision to use Spanish reading in the future?
Have you made a decision to use Spanish reading in the future? Yes No
YesNo





ART	B - NOT TEACHING SPANISH READING	BUT TAUGHT IT	IN THE PAS	ST	
L.	When did you teach Spanish Readin	ıg?		·	· .
<u>.</u>	Why did you stop?				
	When you assess Spanish reading a	t this point	in time, wh	at do you s	ee as the
•	When you assess Spanish reading a strengths and weaknesses of Spani	t this point sh reading, a	in time, wh s used in t	nat do you s chat situati	ee as the on?
•	When you assess Spanish reading a strengths and weaknesses of Spani	t this point sh reading, a	in time, wh s used in t	nat do you s hat situati	ee as the on?
•	When you assess Spanish reading a strengths and weaknesses of Spani	sh reading, a	in time, which in the second i	nat do you s chat situati	ee as the on?
•	When you assess Spanish reading a strengths and weaknesses of Spani	sh reading, a	in time, which is used in t	nat do you s chat situati	see as the

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Based on concepts from the Levels of Use chart and Concerns-Based Adoption Model (CBAM) developed at The University of Texas Research and Development Center for Teacher Education.